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Section 5.6 Engine Brake Controls

The Engine Brake option converts a power-producing diesel engine into a power-absorbing air compressor. This is accomplished by opening the cylinder exhaust valves near the top of the normal compression stroke and releasing the compressed cylinder charge to exhaust. The release of the compressed air to atmospheric pressure prevents the return of energy to the engine piston on the expansion stroke, the effect being a net energy loss. Fueling is cut off when this occurs.

Section 5.6.1 Operation

A dash mounted On/Off Switch is used to enable the Engine Brake option. DDEC10 will directly control the engine brake solenoids and turbocharger VGT position to produce the desired low, medium, or high braking power.

The following conditions must be met for engine brakes to be activated:

- Percent throttle <4%
- Driveline open engine speed >1100 rpm
- Driveline closed engine speed >800 rpm
- Road Speed > 0 mph (programmable)
- ABS not active
- Clutch pedal released (if equipped)
- Engine not fueling
- Engine not in PTO mode
- Torque converter in lockup (automatic transmission)

The following are features and options for Engine Brake:

- Cruise Control or Road Speed Limit with Engine Brake
- Engine Brake Disable
- Engine Brake Active
- Dynamic Fan Braking
- Clutch Released Input
- Service Brake Control of Engine Brakes
- Min. mph for Engine Brakes

Section 5.6.1.1

Service Brake Control of Engine Brakes

This option allows the engine brakes switches to be ON but not engage the engine brakes until the service brake is pressed.

Section 5.6.1.2

Cruise Control or Road Speed Limit with Engine Brake

The Engine Brake option can also provide Engine Brake capability when the vehicle is in Cruise Control or Road Speed Limit. For example, if the vehicle is going down hill in Cruise Control while the engine brake is selected, the ECU will control the amount of Engine Brake with respect to the Cruise Control set speed. The level of Engine Brake (low, medium, high) selected with the dash switches will be the

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maximum amount of engine braking the ECU allows.

Each engine braking level has a hysteresis for actuating the engine brake or for deactivating the engine brake.

Section 5.6.1.3 Engine Brake Disable

The Engine Brake Disable option uses an input which is switched to ground whenever a vehicle system, such as a traction control device, does not allow engine braking to occur. This option is required for most automatic transmissions.

DDEC10 also supports the J1939 message to disable engine brakes (TSC1 command to source address 15).

Section 5.6.1.4 Engine Brake Active

The Engine Brake Active option uses a digital output that can be used to drive an Engine Brake Active lamp. This output is switched to battery ground whenever the engine brake is active.

Section 5.6.1.5 Dynamic Fan Braking

The Dynamic Fan Braking option turns on the cooling fan when the engine brake level is high and DDEC 10 fan control is enabled. This creates about 20 to 40 hp additional engine braking power depending on the size of the cooling fan. For additional information, refer to "5.10 Fan Control", "Fan Controls."

Section 5.6.1.6 Clutch Released Input

The Clutch Released input will prevent the engine brakes from being turned on when the clutch is pressed. This input is required for use with manual transmissions. Refer to "4.1 Inputs", "Inputs," for additional information.

Section 5.6.1.7 Min Vehicle Speed for Engine Brakes

This option will disable the engine brakes until a minimum vehicle speed is reached. A Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) is required. Refer to "3.9.7 Vehicle Speed Sensor", "Vehicle Speed Sensor," for additional information.

Section 5.6.2 Installation

See Figure "Engine Brake for DDEC10" for a DDEC10 internal engine brake schematic.

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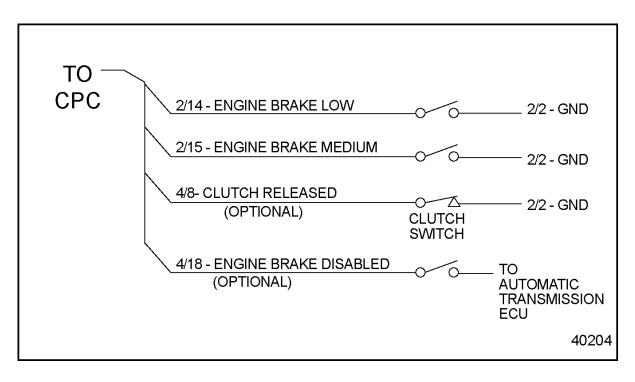


Figure 1. Engine Brake for DDEC10

Section 5.6.3 Programming Requirements and Flexibility

Engine Brake must be specified at the time of engine order. This enables the two digital outputs required in the MCM2. The Jake Brake configuration parameters are listed in Table "CPC2+ Configuration Parameter for Jake Brake Applications".

CPC2+ Parameter Group	Parameter	Description	Options	Settings	Access
10	Engine Brake Configuration	Enables the type of engine brake required	0 = No Engine Brake 1 = Decompression Valve Only or Exhaust Flap Only 2 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 3 = Jake Compression Brake or Brake Gate	3	VEPS, DRS
		Mask determines which	 0 = No Engine Brake 16 = Exhaust Flap Only 17 = Jake Brake 2nd Stage 		

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Stage 1 Factor Factor determines the amount of low braking 0 - 100% 100 VEPS. DRS	10	Stage 1 Mask Engine Brake	device turns on for low braking	64 = Decompression Valve Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap	64	VEPS, DRS
10 Engine Brake amount of low braking 0 = No Engine Brake 10 Stage 2 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for medium braking 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage 10 Stage 2 Factor Engine Brake Factor determines the amount of medium braking 10 Stage 3 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Neps determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Neps determines which device turns on for high brake 3 mask and 5 mas				Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd		
10 Stage 2 Mask Engine Brake 10 Stage 2 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for medium braking 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage 10 Stage 2 Factor Engine Brake 10 Stage 3 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines the amount of medium braking 0 = No Engine Brake 10 Stage 3 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking 80 = Decompression Valve 10 Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage 81 VEPS, DRS 82 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 83 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 84 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 85 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 86 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 87 = Jake Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd NEPS, DRS	10			0 – 100%	100	
10 Engine Brake amount of medium braking 0 = 100% DRS 0 = No Engine Brake 16 = Exhaust Flap Only 17 = Jake Brake 2nd Stage 10 Stage 3 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage 10 Stage 3 Factor Factor determines the 10 Stage 3 Factor Factor determines the	10		device turns on for medium	16 = Exhaust Flap Only 17 = Jake Brake 2nd Stage 64 = Decompression Valve Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd	17	
10 Stage 3 Mask Engine Brake Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high braking Mask determines which device turns on for high brake Ist Stage Nonly or Jake Brake 1st Stage 81 VEPS, DRS 81 Peccompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage Nonly or Jake Brake 1st Stage N	10			0 – 100%	100	
10 = 100% 100	10		0 = No Engine Brake 16 = Exhaust Flap Only 17 = Jake Brake 2nd Stage Mask determines which device turns on for high braking 80 = Decompression Valve Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3		81	
	10			0 – 100%	100	

0 = No Engine Brake

16 = Exhaust Flap Only

17 = Jake Brake 2nd Stage

10	Trans Mask Engine Brake	_	64 = Decompression Valve Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage 80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap 81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage	81	VEPS, DRS
10	Trans Factor Engine Brake	Factor determines the amount of high braking	0–100%	100	VEPS, DRS
			0 = Disable 1 = Enable Engine Door Bus		
13	4 18 DI Selection (Optional)	_	2 = Enable Engine Hood 3 = AGS2 PTO Feedback	0	VEPS, DRS
			4 = RPM Freeze5 = Engine Brake Disable		
			6 = Fast Engine Heat-up Switch		
13	Eng Brake Switch Config	_	0 = Hardwired 1 = Info from J1939	0	VEPS, DRS
			255 = Not Available 0 = Variable Controlled Brake		
			1 = 1 Step		
10	J1939 Steps Engine Brake	_	2 = Low/High Steps	2 or 3	VEPS or DRS
			3 = Low/Med/High Steps		
			255 = Not Configured		
-			3 = Jake or Constant Throttle Brake		
10	J1939 Engine Retarder Config	_	4 = Exhaust Flap	3	VEPS or DRS
			255 = Not Configured		
			0 = No Engine Brake		
			16 = Exhaust Flap Only		
	ACC Mask Engine		64 = Decompression Valve Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage		VEPS or

	Brake	80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap		DRS
10		81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage	81	
		0 = No Engine Brake		
		16 = Exhaust Flap Only		
10	OI Mask Engine	64 = Decompression Valve Only or Jake Brake 1st Stage	64	VEPS or DRS
10	Brake	80 = Decompression Valve & Exhaust Flap	01	
		81 = Decompression Valve & Brake Gate or Jake Brake 3rd Stage		

Table 1. CPC2+ Configuration Parameter for Jake Brake Applications

The parameters listed in Table "Cruise Control and Road Speed Limit Engine Brake Parameters" are for the Cruise Control and Road Speed Limit Engine Brake option.

CPC2+ Parameter Group	Parameter	Description	Options	Default	Access
10		Allows the engine brake to be used while on cruise control or the road speed limit if the vehicle exceeds the cruise set speed or road speed limit. Automatic engine brake with Cruise Control.	0 = Disable 1 = Enable	0 = Disable	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Hi Eng Brk Max Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 3 activation		10 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Hi Eng Brk Min Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 3 deactivation	0–48 km/h	6 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Low Eng Brk Max Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 1 activation	0–48 km/h	5 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Low Eng Brk Min Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 1 deactivation	0–48 km/h	2 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Med Eng Brk Max Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 2 activation	0–48 km/h	7 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
10	Med Eng Brk Min Cruise RSL Spd	CC/RSL vehicle-over-speed for engine brake stage 2 deactivation	0–48 km/h	5 km/h	VEPS, DRS, DDDL

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	10	Min Eng Spd for Engine Brakes	Minimum engine speed for Engine Brake operation.	0–4000 rpm	1100 rpm	VEPS, DRS, DDDL
				0 = Off		
	R 10	Road Spd Limit	Enables engine brake on road speed limiter. Engine brake will come on automatically if value >0.	1 = Low	0	DRS, VEPS
		Max Stage Num		2 = Medium		
				3 = High		

Table 2. Cruise Control and Road Speed Limit Engine Brake Parameters

The optional digital output listed in Table "Optional Digital Output for Engine Brakes" can be used to drive an Engine Brake Active Lamp.

CPC2+ Parameter Group	Parameter	Setting	Options	Default	Access
			0 = Disabled		
	3 09 DO 3 = Engine Brak Selection Active		1 = Not Used	0 = Disabled	VEPS, DRS
		3 = Engine Brake Active	2 = AGS2 Backup Lamp		
35			3 = Engine Brake Active		
			4 = Oil Temp High Lamp*		
			5 = FUSO Engine Brake Active Lamp*		

Table 3. Optional Digital Output for Engine Brakes

*Not Supported in NAFTA

The parameter listed in Table "Service Brake Control of Engine Brakes Parameter" is for Service Brake Control of the Engine Brakes option.

CPC2+ Parameter Group	Parameter	Description	Options	Default
			0 = Disable	
10	Service Brk Enable Eng Brakes	When this function is enabled, an input from the service brake is required in order to activate the engine brake.	1 = Enable automatic engine brake when applied service brake	0 = Disable
			2 = Operator selection and service brake for engine	

brake activation

Table 4. Service Brake Control of Engine Brakes Parameter

The parameter listed in Table "Minimum mph for Engine Brakes Option" is the Minimum Vehicle Speed needed for engine braking to occur.

CPC2+ Parameter Group	Parameter	Description	Options	Default
10	Min Road Spd Eng Brk Operation	The minimum vehicle speed required before engine braking will occur.	0–200 KPH	0 KPH

Table 5. Minimum mph for Engine Brakes Option

Section 5.6.3.1 Evobus 5-Stage Retarder

A 5-Stage Retarder Feature is available for Evobus. The CPC processes digital input signals coming from a 5-stage retarder lever that is wired in the following manner:

2 14 DI Selection	Stage #1
2 15 DI Selection	Stage #2
2 08 DI Selection	Stage #3 (remote throttle or fast engine heat up switch can not be used)
1 17 DI Selection	Stage #4 (throttle inhibit input can not be used)
2 13 DI Selection	Stage #5.(fan override switch can not be used)
1 10 DI Selection	Off position monitoring input

The retarder torque request is mapped in equal increments according to the lever position (e.g. stage #1 equals 20%, stage #2 equals 40 %,etc.). The requested retarder percentage is transmitted on the J1939 link to the Retarder ECU using the message ERC1, SPN1716 Retarder Selection, non engine. The source address of the message is set to 0x21 whenever the Retarder Lever Enable Parameter is calibrated.

Note: When using multiplexed EBM switches, enabling of the DiFlex13 and DiFlex14 inputs is not necessary.

Input State	Parameter	CPC2 Pin	Retarder Selection
Stage 0 (off):	1 10 DI Selection	1 / 10	0%
Stage 1:	2 14 DI Selection	2 / 14	20%
Stage 2:	2 15 DI Selection	2 / 15	40%
Stage 3:	2 08 DI Selection	2/8	60%
Stage 4:	1 17 DI Selection	1 / 17	80%
Stage 5:	2 13 DI Selection	2 / 13	100%

Table 7. Retarder Selection and Function

Parameter Group	Parameter	Description	Options	Default	Access
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13 Level Enable retarder switch 0=disable, 1=enable 0 enable	DRS, VEPS
13 /-HI I A coelerator switch 3-Hyphile II	DDDL 7.X, DRS, VEPS
2 14 DI Configuration input 0=disable, 1=engine brake low, Selection DiFlex13 2=Evobus retarder lever stage1	DRS, VEPS
13 2 15 DI Configuration input 0=disable, 1-engine brake high, 2=Evobus retarder lever stage2 1	DRS, VEPS
- 13 /—Hast Hngine Heat Lin Switch II	DDDL 7.X, DRS, VEPS
13 Configuration input 0=disable, 1=throttle inhibit, 2=Evobus 1 Selection DiFlex07 retarder lever stage4	DRS, VEPS
2 13 DI Configuration input 0=disable, 1=fan override switch, Selection DiFlex12 2=Evobus retarder lever stage5	DRS, VEPS

Table 8. Evobus 5-Stage Retarder Option

Section 5.6.4 Interaction with Other Features

DDEC 10 will respond to requests from other vehicle systems via SAE J1939 Data Link to disable the engine brakes.

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