

MERITOR WABCO

TRACTOR ABS

Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) for Trucks, Tractors and Buses

Maintenance Manual MM-0112
Revised 04-01




- For E Version ECUs
- 12-Volt Systems

Before You Begin

This manual provides instructions for Meritor WABCO's anti-lock braking system for trucks, tractors and buses. Before you begin procedures:

1. Read and understand all instructions and procedures before you begin to service components.
2. Read and observe all Caution and Warning safety alerts that precede instructions or procedures you will perform. These alerts help to avoid damage to components, serious personal injury, or both.
3. Follow your company's maintenance and service, installation, and diagnostics guidelines.
4. Use special tools when required to help avoid serious personal injury and damage to components.

Safety Alerts, Torque Symbol and Notes

 WARNING	A Warning alerts you to an instruction or procedure that you must follow exactly to avoid serious personal injury and damage to components.
 CAUTION	A Caution alerts you to an instruction or procedure that you must follow exactly to avoid damage to components and possible serious injury.
	A torque symbol alerts you to tighten fasteners to a specified torque value.
NOTE	A Note provides information or suggestions that help you correctly service a component.

Access Information on ArvinMeritor's Web Site


Additional maintenance and service information for ArvinMeritor's commercial vehicle systems component lineup is also available at www.arvinmeritor.com.

To access information, click on Products & Services/Tech Library Icon/HVS Publications. The screen will display an index of publications by type.

Additional Information

Call ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560 to order the following item.

- *Drivetrain Plus™ by ArvinMeritor Technical Electronic Library* on CD. Features product and service information on most Meritor, ZF Meritor and Meritor WABCO products. \$20. Order TP-9853.

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**ASBESTOS FIBERS WARNING**

The following procedures for servicing brakes are recommended to reduce exposure to asbestos fiber dust, a cancer and lung disease hazard. Material Safety Data Sheets are available from ArvinMeritor.

Hazard Summary

Because some brake linings contain asbestos, workers who service brakes must understand the potential hazards of asbestos and precautions for reducing risks. Exposure to airborne asbestos dust can cause serious and possibly fatal diseases, including asbestosis (a chronic lung disease) and cancer, principally lung cancer and mesothelioma (a cancer of the lining of the chest or abdominal cavities). Some studies show that the risk of lung cancer among persons who smoke and who are exposed to asbestos is much greater than the risk for non-smokers. Symptoms of these diseases may not become apparent for 15, 20 or more years after the first exposure to asbestos.

Accordingly, workers must use caution to avoid creating and breathing dust when servicing brakes. Specific recommended work practices for reducing exposure to asbestos dust follow. Consult your employer for more details.

Recommended Work Practices

1. **Separate Work Areas.** Whenever feasible, service brakes in a separate area away from other operations to reduce risks to unprotected persons. OSHA has set a maximum allowable level of exposure for asbestos of 0.1 f/cc as an 8-hour time-weighted average and 1.0 f/cc averaged over a 30-minute period. Scientists disagree, however, to what extent adherence to the maximum allowable exposure levels will eliminate the risk of disease that can result from inhaling asbestos dust. OSHA requires that the following sign be posted at the entrance to areas where exposures exceed either of the maximum allowable levels:

**DANGER: ASBESTOS
CANCER AND LUNG DISEASE HAZARD
AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY
RESPIRATORS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
ARE REQUIRED IN THIS AREA.**

2. **Respiratory Protection.** Wear a respirator equipped with a high-efficiency (HEPA) filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA for use with asbestos at all times when servicing brakes, beginning with the removal of the wheels.

3. **Procedures for Servicing Brakes.**

- a. Enclose the brake assembly within a negative pressure enclosure. The enclosure should be equipped with a HEPA vacuum and worker arm sleeves. With the enclosure in place, use the HEPA vacuum to loosen and vacuum residue from the brake parts.
- b. As an alternative procedure, use a catch basin with water and a biodegradable, non-phosphate, water-based detergent to wash the brake drum or rotor and other brake parts. The solution should be applied with low pressure to prevent dust from becoming airborne. Allow the solution to flow between the brake drum and the brake support or the brake rotor and caliper. The wheel hub and brake assembly components should be thoroughly wetted to suppress dust before the brake shoes or brake pads are removed. Wipe the brake parts clean with a cloth.
- c. If an enclosed vacuum system or brake washing equipment is not available, employers may adopt their own written procedures for servicing brakes, provided that the exposure levels associated with the employer's procedures do not exceed the levels associated with the enclosed vacuum system or brake washing equipment. Consult OSHA regulations for more details.
- d. Wear a respirator equipped with a HEPA filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA for use with asbestos when grinding or machining brake linings. In addition, do such work in an area with a local exhaust ventilation system equipped with a HEPA filter.
- e. **NEVER** use compressed air by itself, dry brushing, or a vacuum not equipped with a HEPA filter when cleaning brake parts or assemblies. **NEVER** use carcinogenic solvents, flammable solvents, or solvents that can damage brake components as wetting agents.
4. **Cleaning Work Areas.** Clean work areas with a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter or by wet wiping. **NEVER** use compressed air or dry sweeping to clean work areas. When you empty vacuum cleaners and handle used rags, wear a respirator equipped with a HEPA filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA for use with asbestos. When you replace a HEPA filter, wet the filter with a fine mist of water and dispose of the used filter with care.
5. **Worker Clean-Up.** After servicing brakes, wash your hands before you eat, drink or smoke. Shower after work. Do not wear work clothes home. Use a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter to vacuum work clothes after they are worn. Launder them separately. Do not shake or use compressed air to remove dust from work clothes.
6. **Waste Disposal.** Dispose of discarded linings, used rags, cloths and HEPA filters with care, such as in sealed plastic bags. Consult applicable EPA, state and local regulations on waste disposal.

Regulatory Guidance

References to OSHA, NIOSH, MSHA, and EPA, which are regulatory agencies in the United States, are made to provide further guidance to employers and workers employed within the United States. Employers and workers employed outside of the United States should consult the regulations that apply to them for further guidance.

**NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS WARNING**

The following procedures for servicing brakes are recommended to reduce exposure to non-asbestos fiber dust, a cancer and lung disease hazard. Material Safety Data Sheets are available from ArvinMeritor.

Hazard Summary

Most recently manufactured brake linings do not contain asbestos fibers. These brake linings may contain one or more of a variety of ingredients, including glass fibers, mineral wool, aramid fibers, ceramic fibers and silica that can present health risks if inhaled. Scientists disagree on the extent of the risks from exposure to these substances. Nonetheless, exposure to silica dust can cause silicosis, a non-cancerous lung disease. Silicosis gradually reduces lung capacity and efficiency and can result in serious breathing difficulty. Some scientists believe other types of non-asbestos fibers, when inhaled, can cause similar diseases of the lung. In addition, silica dust and ceramic fiber dust are known to the State of California to cause lung cancer. U.S. and international agencies have also determined that dust from mineral wool, ceramic fibers and silica are potential causes of cancer.

Accordingly, workers must use caution to avoid creating and breathing dust when servicing brakes. Specific recommended work practices for reducing exposure to non-asbestos dust follow. Consult your employer for more details.

Recommended Work Practices

1. **Separate Work Areas.** Whenever feasible, service brakes in a separate area away from other operations to reduce risks to unprotected persons.

2. **Respiratory Protection.** OSHA has set a maximum allowable level of exposure for silica of 0.1 mg/m³ as an 8-hour time-weighted average. Some manufacturers of non-asbestos brake linings recommend that exposures to other ingredients found in non-asbestos brake linings be kept below 1.0 f/cc as an 8-hour time-weighted average. Scientists disagree, however, to what extent adherence to these maximum allowable exposure levels will eliminate the risk of disease that can result from inhaling non-asbestos dust.

Therefore, wear respiratory protection at all times during brake servicing, beginning with the removal of the wheels. Wear a respirator equipped with a high-efficiency (HEPA) filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA, if the exposure levels may exceed OSHA or manufacturers' recommended maximum levels. Even when exposures are expected to be within the maximum allowable levels, wearing such a respirator at all times during brake servicing will help minimize exposure.

3. **Procedures for Servicing Brakes.**

- a. Enclose the brake assembly within a negative pressure enclosure. The enclosure should be equipped with a HEPA vacuum and worker arm sleeves. With the enclosure in place, use the HEPA vacuum to loosen and vacuum residue from the brake parts.
- b. As an alternative procedure, use a catch basin with water and a biodegradable, non-phosphate, water-based detergent to wash the brake drum or rotor and other brake parts. The solution should be applied with low pressure to prevent dust from becoming airborne. Allow the solution to flow between the brake drum and the brake support or the brake rotor and caliper. The wheel hub and brake assembly components should be thoroughly wetted to suppress dust before the brake shoes or brake pads are removed. Wipe the brake parts clean with a cloth.
- c. If an enclosed vacuum system or brake washing equipment is not available, carefully clean the brake parts in the open air. Wet the parts with a solution applied with a pump-spray bottle that creates a fine mist. Use a solution containing water, and, if available, a biodegradable, non-phosphate, water-based detergent. The wheel hub and brake assembly components should be thoroughly wetted to suppress dust before the brake shoes or brake pads are removed. Wipe the brake parts clean with a cloth.
- d. Wear a respirator equipped with a HEPA filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA when grinding or machining brake linings. In addition, do such work in an area with a local exhaust ventilation system equipped with a HEPA filter.
- e. **NEVER** use compressed air by itself, dry brushing, or a vacuum not equipped with a HEPA filter when cleaning brake parts or assemblies. **NEVER** use carcinogenic solvents, flammable solvents, or solvents that can damage brake components as wetting agents.
4. **Cleaning Work Areas.** Clean work areas with a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter or by wet wiping. **NEVER** use compressed air or dry sweeping to clean work areas. When you empty vacuum cleaners and handle used rags, wear a respirator equipped with a HEPA filter approved by NIOSH or MSHA, to minimize exposure. When you replace a HEPA filter, wet the filter with a fine mist of water and dispose of the used filter with care.
5. **Worker Clean-Up.** After servicing brakes, wash your hands before you eat, drink or smoke. Shower after work. Do not wear work clothes home. Use a vacuum equipped with a HEPA filter to vacuum work clothes after they are worn. Launder them separately. Do not shake or use compressed air to remove dust from work clothes.
6. **Waste Disposal.** Dispose of discarded linings, used rags, cloths and HEPA filters with care, such as in sealed plastic bags. Consult applicable EPA, state and local regulations on waste disposal.

Regulatory Guidance

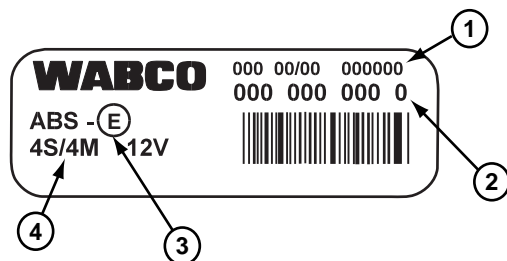
References to OSHA, NIOSH, MSHA, and EPA, which are regulatory agencies in the United States, are made to provide further guidance to employers and workers employed within the United States. Employers and workers employed outside of the United States should consult the regulations that apply to them for further guidance.

Contents

This manual contains service information for E version Meritor WABCO Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) and ABS with Automatic Traction Control (ATC) for trucks, tractors and buses. E version ABS incorporates Power Line Carrier Communication (PLC), an optional feature that allows tractor/trailer communication. For the driver, this means that a trailer ABS indicator lamp located on the vehicle dash will come on if a fault occurs in the trailer ABS — if the trailer is equipped with PLC.

NOTE: For diagnostic and testing procedures for systems with C version ECUs, use Maintenance Manual 28. For D version ECUs, use Maintenance Manual 30. The ABS version is marked on the ECU. **Figure 1.1.** If you cannot identify the ECU version installed on your vehicle, contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560.

Figure 1.1



1. Manufacturing Information
2. Part Number
3. ECU Version
4. ABS Configuration

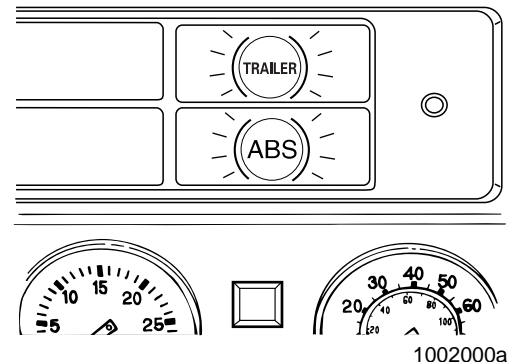
The ECU receives and processes signals from the wheel speed sensors. When the ECU detects a wheel lockup, the unit activates the appropriate modulator valve, and air pressure is controlled.

In the event of a malfunction in the system, the ABS in the affected wheel(s) is disabled; that wheel still has normal brakes. The other wheels keep the ABS function.

Two ABS indicator lamps, one for tractor and one for trailer, let drivers know the status of the system. The tractor ABS lamp is also used to display tractor blink code diagnostics. **Figure 1.2.** The location of the ABS indicator lamps vary, depending on the make and model of the vehicle.

Blink code diagnostics information for trailer ABS is not included in this manual. Use Maintenance Manual 33 for Meritor WABCO Easy-Stop™ Trailer ABS for trailer diagnostics.

Figure 1.2



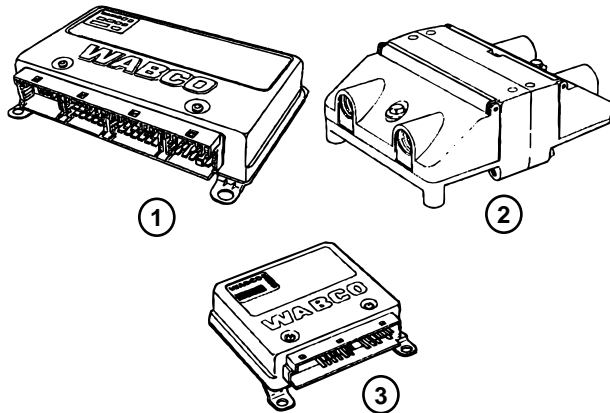
NOTE: Do not open the ECU. Opening the ECU to gain access to the internal components will void the warranty.

How ABS Works

Meritor WABCO ABS is an electronic system that monitors and controls wheel speed during braking. The system works with standard air brake systems.

ABS monitors wheel speeds at all times and controls braking during wheel lock situations. The system improves vehicle stability and control by reducing wheel lock during braking.

Figure 1.3



1. Universal ECU
2. Frame-mounted ECU
3. Basic ECU

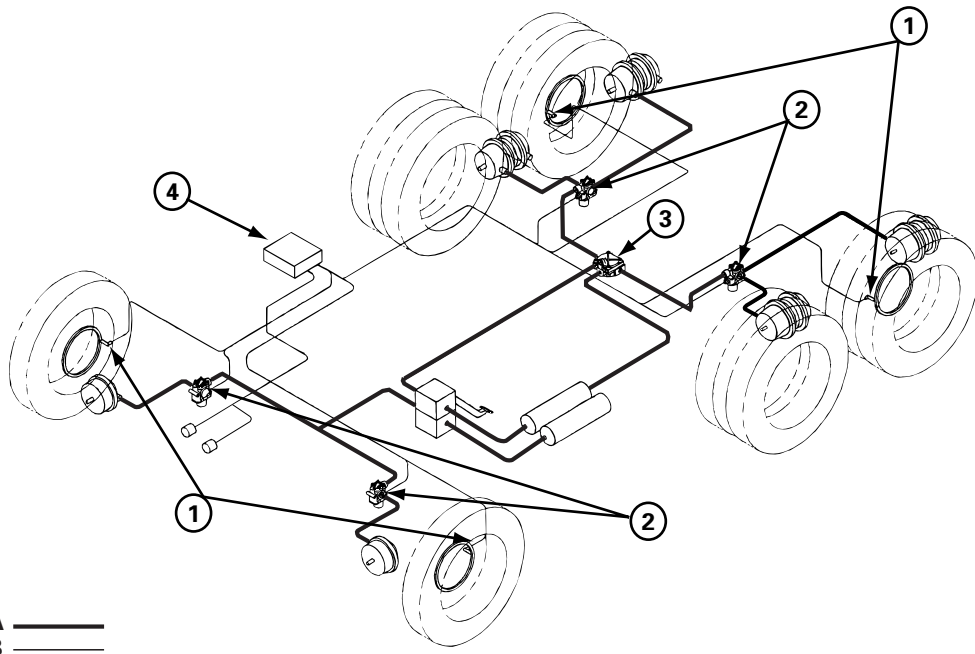
ABS Configuration

NOTE: With E Basic, 4S/4M is the only configuration used.

The ABS configuration is defined by the number of wheel end sensors and modulator valves. There are three common ABS configurations used with E version ECUs:

- 4S/4M (4 wheel speed sensors, 4 modulator valves) **Figure 1.4.**
- 6S/4M (6 wheel speed sensors, 4 modulator valves)
- 6S/6M (6 wheel speed sensors, 6 modulator valves)

Figure 1.4



A ———
B ———

- A. Air Lines
B. Electrical Lines

1. Wheel Speed Sensors
2. ABS Modulator Valves

3. Relay Valve
4. ECU

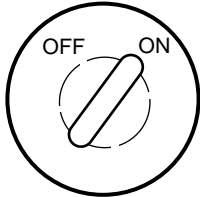
4S/4M Configuration

1002004c

NOTE: Typical illustrations in this manual use the 4S/4M configuration as a sample. Layouts for 4S/4M, 6S/4M, and 6S/6M configurations are included in Appendix I.

ABS Indicator Lamp

The ABS indicator lamp works as follows:

Ignition ON 	Normal Operation	ABS lamp comes on at ignition momentarily for a bulb check, then goes out.	System is O.K.
	After servicing ABS	ABS lamp does not go out at ignition.	When vehicle is driven at speeds above 4 mph (6 km/h), lamp goes out. System is O.K.
	Off-road ABS operation. Refer to "Off-Road ABS" in this section.	ABS lamp flashes during vehicle operation.	The vehicle's normal ABS function is being modified due to road conditions.
	Existing Fault	ABS lamp does not go out at ignition.	Lamp does not go out at speeds above 4 mph (6 km/h) — a fault exists in the ABS system.

NOTE: If the ECU senses a tractor ABS fault during normal vehicle operation, the ABS indicator lamp will come on and stay on.

Trailer ABS Indicator Lamp

The trailer ABS indicator lamp on vehicle dash applies to Trailer ABS only. The lamp is controlled by a signal to the tractor ECU, sent over the power line (PLC function). When a trailer ABS fault is detected, an ON message is sent, when no fault is detected, the ECU receives an OFF message. **Table A** illustrates trailer ABS lamp operation at power-up, or ignition on. **Table B** depicts lamp responses that occur during operation.

Lamp turn ON and OFF messages do not turn the lamp ON or OFF instantly. The delay between the receipt of the message and the lamp response time is intentional. It prevents erratic lamp activity.

NOTE: For doubles or triples, the lamp does not distinguish between trailers. A system fault in any of the trailers will activate the trailer ABS indicator lamp.

Table A: Dash-mounted Trailer ABS Indicator Lamp Operation — Bulb Check (Information for Drivers)

Signal from trailer to tractor ECU	Status of Trailer ABS Lamp on vehicle dash	Explanation
Single or Multiple Trailers message OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF lamp on ... lamp off --- 0.5 sec ---	Trailer ABS lamp comes on at ignition, OFF message is detected within three seconds of ignition, Trailer ABS lamp goes out.	Bulb Check performed AND Trailer ABS system is OK. In this case, the lamp is ON for a Bulb Check only.
Single or Multiple Trailers message No ON or OFF messages lamp on lamp off 0.5 sec t > 3 sec	Trailer ABS lamp does not come on within three seconds of ignition.	No Bulb Check, trailer added after initial power-up, system OK. There was no trailer PLC message for at least three seconds following ignition ON.

ON = Turn ON message to "trailer ABS" lamp

OFF = Turn OFF message to "trailer ABS" lamp

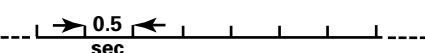
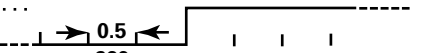
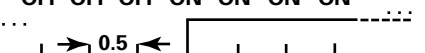
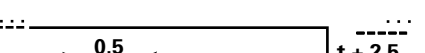
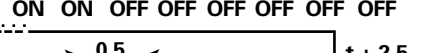
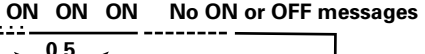
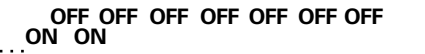
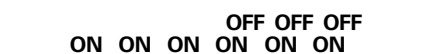
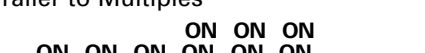
Removing a trailer with a Fault will cause ABS lamp to turn off. Remember to have trailer with fault repaired as soon as possible before returning to service.

Section 1

Introduction

MERITOR WABCO

Table B: Dash-mounted Trailer ABS Indicator Lamp Operation (Information for Service Technicians)

Signal from trailer to tractor ECU	Status of Trailer ABS Lamp on vehicle dash	Explanation	Action
Single or Multiple Trailers message No ON or OFF messages lamp on lamp off 	Trailer ABS lamp does not come on within three seconds of ignition.	Not using the PLC system (no trailer connected) or trailer not equipped with PLC or fault in PLC system.	Use lamp on side of trailer to identify fault. Make necessary repairs.
Single Trailer message OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON lamp on ... lamp off 	Trailer ABS lamp comes on.	Trailer ABS fault(s) occurred during operation and still exists.	
Multiple Trailers/Dollies message OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON lamp on ... lamp off 			
Single Trailer message ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF lamp on --- lamp off 	Trailer ABS lamp comes on but goes out after 2.5 seconds after fault is detected.	Trailer ABS fault occurred during operation and the fault was corrected.	None
Multiple Trailers/Dollies message OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF lamp on --- lamp off 			
Single Trailer message ON ON ON No ON or OFF messages lamp on --- lamp off 	ABS lamp is off, comes on, then goes off, 10 seconds after loss of messages.	ABS fault existed, then signal was lost because trailer disconnected or PLC fault.	Use lamp on side of trailer to identify fault. Make necessary repairs.
Multiple Trailers/Dollies message OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON lamp on --- lamp off 		ABS fault existed, then trailer with fault lost signal because trailer was disconnected or PLC fault.	
Single Trailer to Multiples message ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF lamp on ON ON ON ON ON lamp off 	ABS lamp is on and stays on when a new trailer with no new fault is added.	There was a fault in existence before the new trailer was added AND the ignition was not turned off before the trailer was added.	
Single Trailer to Multiples message ON ON ON ON ON ON lamp on --- lamp off 	ABS lamp is on and stays on when a new trailer with a new fault is added.	ABS fault was in existence before the new trailer was added AND the ignition was not turned off before the trailer was added AND the new trailer has an ABS fault.	

ON = Turn ON message to "trailer ABS" lamp

OFF = Turn OFF message to "trailer ABS" lamp

Removing a trailer with a Fault will cause ABS lamp to turn off. Remember to have trailer with fault repaired as soon as possible before returning to service.

ABS Modulator Valves

Modulator valves control the air pressure to each affected brake during an ABS function.

Valve Arrangement Option

In **Figure 1.4** on page 4, the modulator valves on the rear axle are mounted separately and a relay valve is used to deliver air pressure to the modulator valves. There is also an optional valve package available from Meritor WABCO, the ABS Valve Package, which may be found on certain vehicle models. The **ABS valve package** may be used on all D and E version units, including D and E Basic, and is available for front or rear axle installation.

Easy Listening Tip!

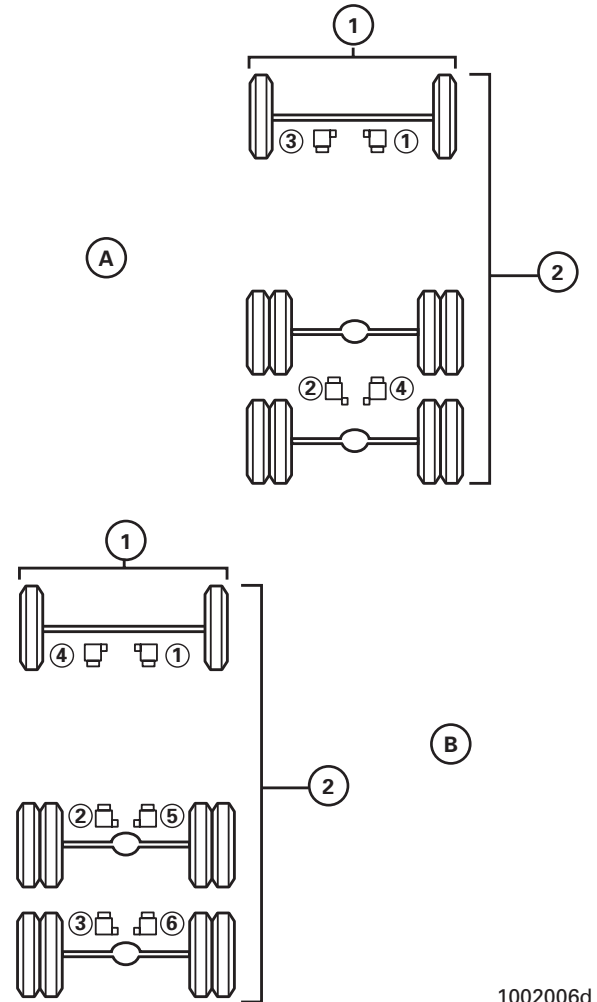
To make sure the ABS valves are working — just listen! Refer to **Figure 1.5**.

1. Apply the brakes.
2. Turn on the ignition.
3. Wait for the ABS indicator lamp to come on.
4. Listen to the valves cycle one by one, as follows:

NOTE: In previous versions of ABS, the valves are cycled diagonally. Diagonal cycling does not occur with E version ABS.

- 4M (channel) valve cycle order:
1 – 2 – 3 – 4
- 6M (channel) valve cycle order:
1 – 2 – 3 – 4 – 5 – 6

Figure 1.5

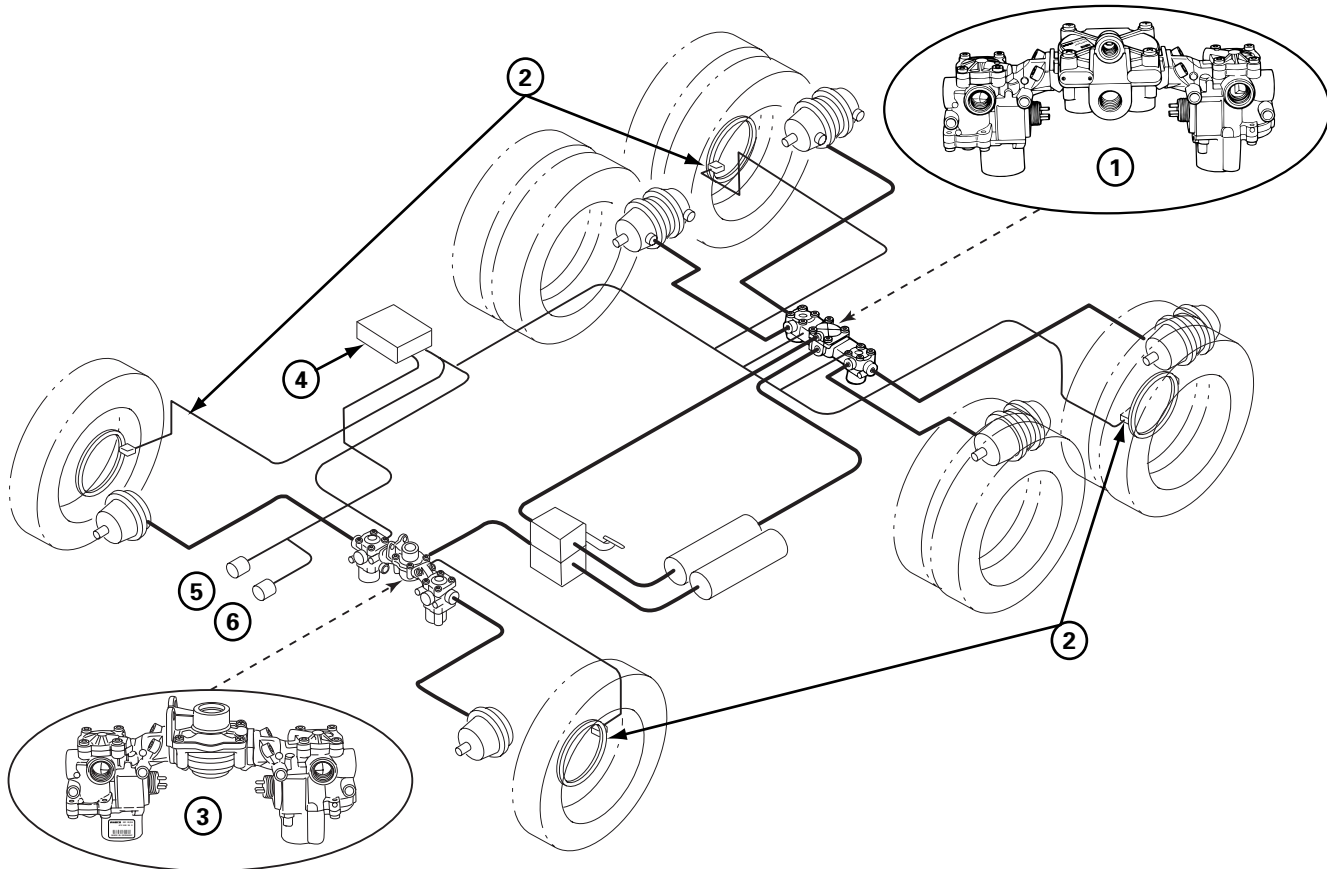


- A. 4M Channel
B. 6M Channel
1. Cab
2. Curbside

ABS Valve Packages

The front ABS valve package combines a quick release valve with two ABS modulator valves and is mounted in the front of the vehicle. The rear ABS valve package combines a service brake relay valve with two ABS modulator valves and is mounted in the rear of the vehicle. The valve package — front or rear — must be mounted near the brake chambers it serves. **Figure 1.6.**

Figure 1.6



A ———
B ———

- A. Air Lines
- B. Electrical Lines
- 1. Rear ABS Valve Package
- 2. Wheel Speed Sensors
- 3. Front ABS Valve Package
- 4. ECU
- 5. Tractor ABS Indicator Lamp
- 6. Trailer ABS Indicator Lamp

4S/4M Configuration

1002007e

ABS Sensors

ABS sensor systems consist of a tooth wheel mounted on the hub of each monitored wheel and a sensor installed so that its end is against the tooth wheel. The sensor continuously sends wheel speed information to the ECU. A sensor clip holds the sensor in place at the tooth wheel.

The type of axle determines sensor mounting location:

- Steering axle sensors are installed in the steering knuckle or in a bolted-on bracket.
- Drive axle sensors are mounted in a block attached to the axle housing or in a bolted-on bracket.

Off-Road ABS

On some vehicles, an off-road ABS function may be selected. Off-road ABS improves vehicle control and helps reduce stopping distances in off-road conditions or on poor traction surfaces such as loose gravel, sand and dirt. **This option is not available on 4S/4M Frame-mounted ECUs.**

NOTE: On vehicles equipped with an off-road switch, the off-road ABS mode is manually selected by the driver. On some vehicles, the off-road mode may be fully automatic. Refer to the vehicle specifications for information about the off-road ABS feature.

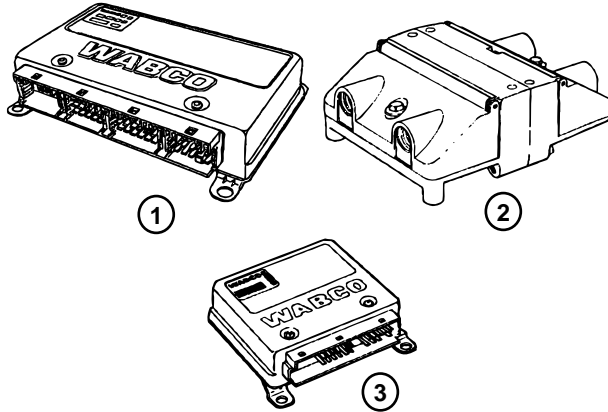
The ABS indicator lamp on the dash will flash while the vehicle is in the off-road mode. This alerts the driver that the vehicle's normal ABS function is being modified.

Automatic Traction Control (ATC)

ATC is an option with Basic and Frame-mounted E version ECUs. It is available with all Universal ECUs. ATC can be used with individual valves, or with an integrated ABS/ATC valve package. Section 2 describes ATC in detail.

System Components

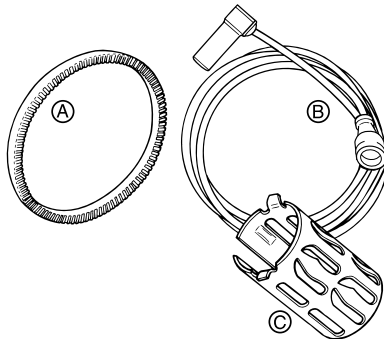
Figure 1.7



1. Universal ECU
2. Frame-mounted ECU
3. Basic ECU

The ECU is the brain of the ABS system. It receives information from the sensors and sends signals to the ABS valves. ECUs are available for cab- or Frame-mounted applications. Basic and Universal ECUs are cab-mounted. **Figure 1.7.**

Figure 1.8

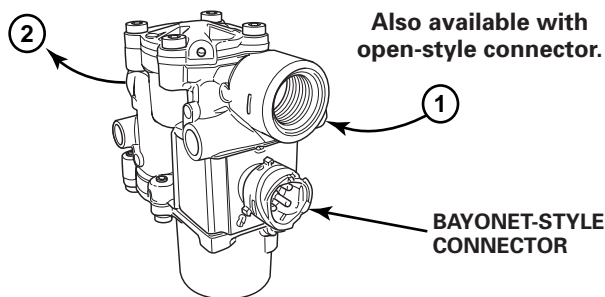


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A tooth wheel (A) is mounted at, or cast in, the hub of each sensed wheel, with a sensor (B) installed so that its end is against the tooth wheel. A sensor clip (C) holds the sensor in place at the tooth wheel. **Figure 1.8.**

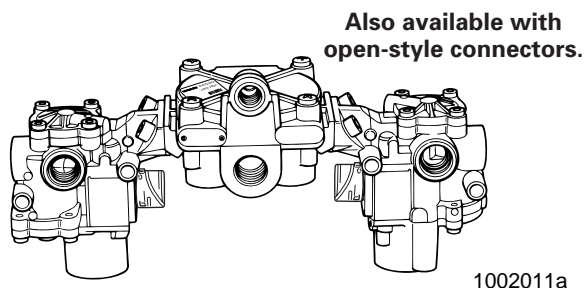
NOTE: The sensor and clip must be greased with Meritor WABCO-recommended lubricant. Refer to "Sensor Lube Specification" in Section 4 for lube specification.

Figure 1.9



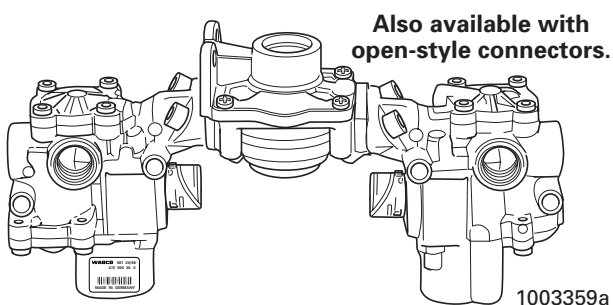
1. Air In (Port 1)
2. Air Out (Port 2)

An **ABS modulator valve** controls air pressure to each affected brake during an ABS event. The modulator valve is usually located on a frame rail or cross member near the brake chamber. The modulator valve is available in bayonet-style (**Figure 1.9**) or open-style connector.

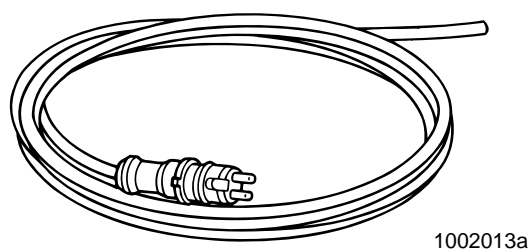
Figure 1.10

The **ABS valve package** is an alternative to individual valves.

The **rear ABS valve package** combines two modulator valves and one service relay valve. **Figure 1.10.**

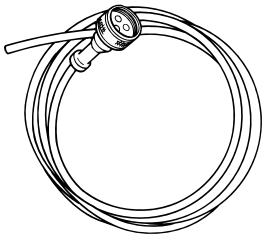
Figure 1.11

The **front ABS valve package** combines two modulator valves and a quick release valve. **Figure 1.11.**

Figure 1.12

Sensor cables connect the sensor to the ECU. **Figure 1.12.**

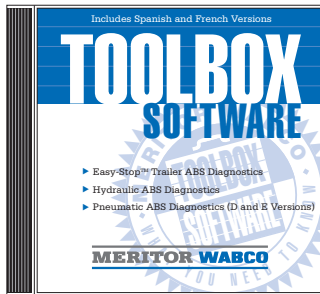
Figure 1.13



1002012a

ABS modulator valve cables connect the modulator valve to the ECU. **Figure 1.13.**

Figure 1.14



Available from SPX (Kent-Moore), 800-328-6657

TOOLBOX Software is a PC-based diagnostics program that can display wheel speed data, test individual components, verify installation wiring and more. Runs in Windows® 95, 98 and NT. An RS232 to J1708 convertor box is required. Versions 3.2 and higher support E version ABS.

Figure 1.15



1002014a

Available from SPX (Kent-Moore), 800-328-6657

The **MPSI Pro-Link® 9000** with a multiple protocol cartridge (MPC) and Meritor WABCO applications card, version 2.0 or higher, provides diagnostic and testing capabilities for the E version ABS. **Figure 1.15.**

NOTE: The PLC functions of E version ABS cannot be tested with the Pro-Link.

ATC

Automatic Traction Control (ATC) is available as an option on all E version ABS ECUs and is standard on most. ATC can be used with individual valves, or with an integrated ABS/ATC valve package. ATC helps improve traction when vehicles are on slippery surfaces by reducing drive wheel overspin. ATC works automatically in two different ways:

1. If a drive wheel starts to spin, ATC applies air pressure to brake the wheel. This transfers engine torque to the wheels with better traction.
2. If all drive wheels spin, ATC reduces engine torque to provide improved traction.

ATC turns itself on and off, drivers do not have to select this feature. If drive wheels spin during acceleration, the ATC indicator lamp comes on, indicating ATC is active. It goes out when the drive wheels stop spinning. **Figure 2.1.**

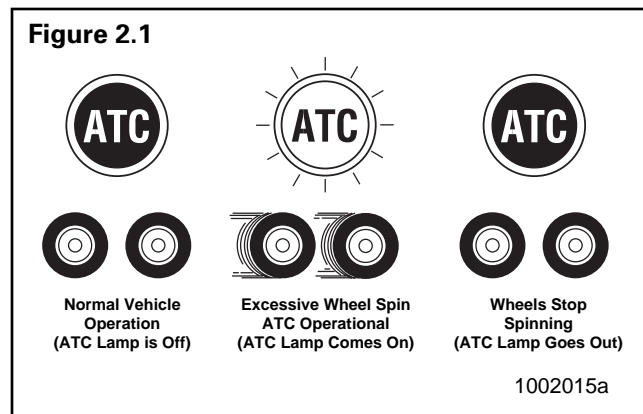


Figure 2.2

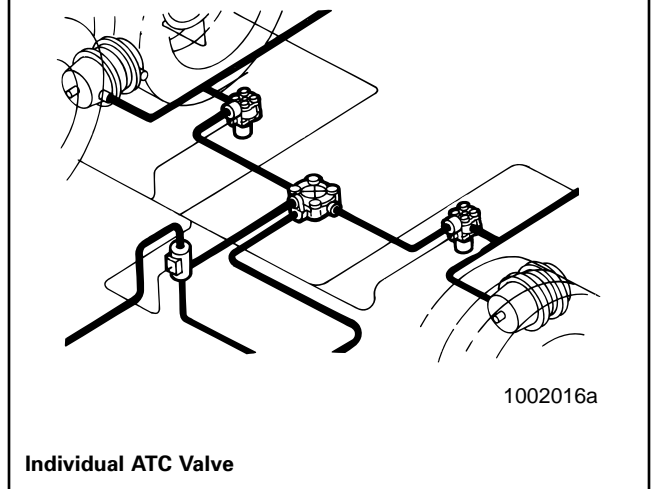
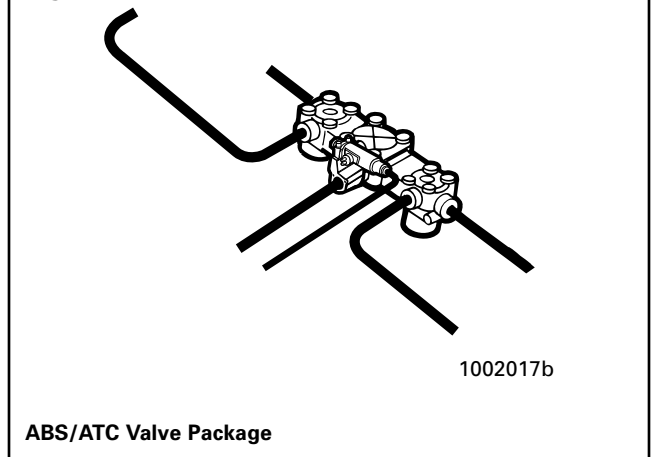


Figure 2.3



NOTE: Some vehicle manufacturers may refer to ATC as Anti-Spin Regulation (ASR).

If ATC is installed, there will be an indicator lamp on the vehicle dash or instrument panel marked ATC or ASR.

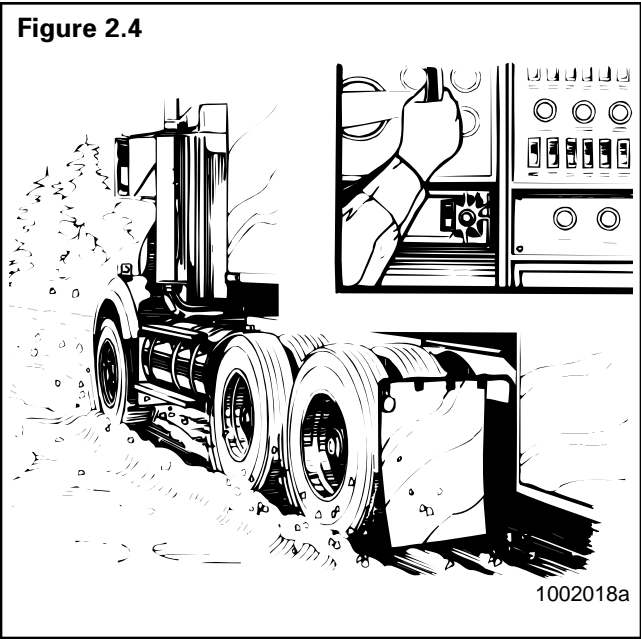
If the ATC lamp goes out before the ABS lamp, there is no ATC.

An ATC installation may use an individually mounted valve, or the valve may be part of the ABS valve package. **Figures 2.2 and 2.3.**

Deep Snow and Mud Switch

A deep snow and mud option switch is included with ATC. This function increases available traction on extra soft surfaces like snow, mud or gravel, by slightly increasing the permissible wheel spin.

Drivers use a deep snow and mud switch to select this feature. When this function is in use, the ATC indicator lamp blinks continuously. **Figure 2.4.**



Switch and lamp locations will vary, depending on the vehicle make and model.

Here's how the Deep Snow and Mud feature works:

Driver Action	System Response	Function	
		Active	Not Active
Press deep snow and mud switch	ATC lamp blinks continuously	X	
Press switch again	ATC lamp stops blinking		X

NOTE: Turning off the ignition will also deactivate the deep snow and mud feature.

ATC Components

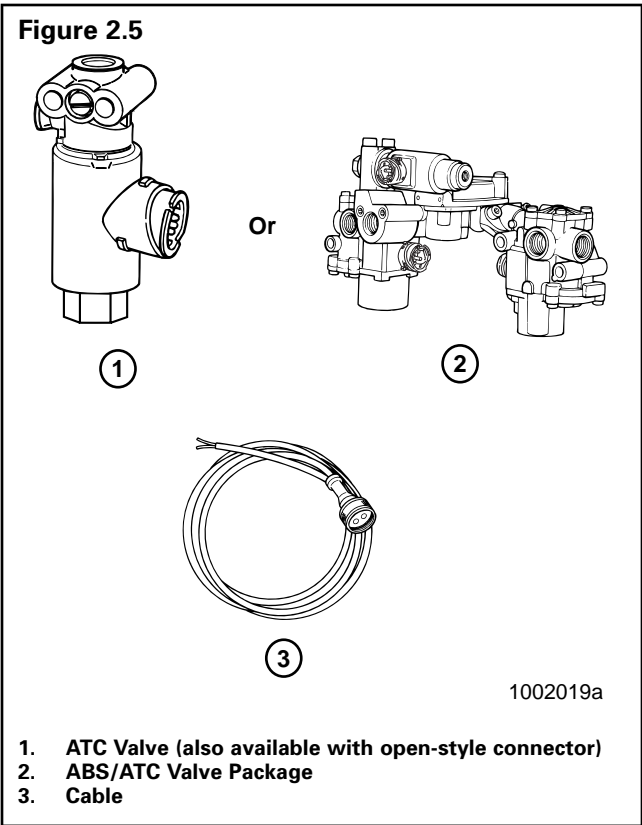
ATC may be used with individual ABS modulator valves, or installed with the ABS Valve Package.

When installed with individual ABS modulator valves, an ATC solenoid valve is mounted on the frame or cross member, near the rear of the vehicle.

When it is part of the ABS valve package, an ATC valve is attached to the relay valve.

A cable connects the ECU to the ATC valve.

ATC components are illustrated in **Figure 2.5.**



General Maintenance Information

There is no regularly scheduled maintenance required for the Meritor WABCO ABS or ABS/ATC. However, ABS does not change current vehicle maintenance requirements.

LAMP CHECK

To make sure the ABS tractor lamp is operating, drivers should check the lamp every time the vehicle is started. When the vehicle is started, the ABS lamp should come on momentarily. If it does not come on, it could mean a burned-out bulb.

System Diagnostics

Use any of the following methods to diagnose E version ABS:

- TOOLBOX Software, version 3.2 or higher, a PC-based ABS diagnostic and testing program that runs in Windows 95, 98 or NT
- Blink Codes — Tractor ABS only
- MPSI Pro-Link with MPC and Meritor WABCO applications card, version 2.0 or higher
- OEM Diagnostic Displays (Refer to the Vehicle Operator's Manual)

Information about TOOLBOX Software, MPSI Pro-Link and Blink Codes follows. If you have any questions about system diagnostics, please contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560.

TOOLBOX Software

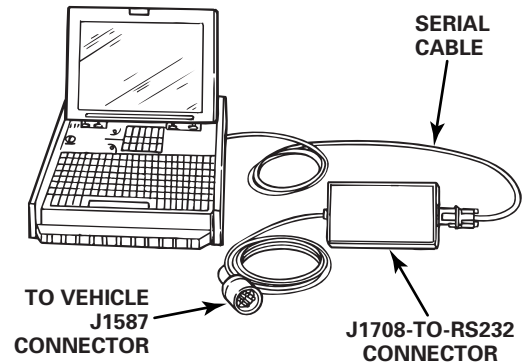
NOTE: For complete instructions for using TOOLBOX Software, refer to the User's Manual.

If you have TOOLBOX Software installed on your computer, use it to identify system faults. Then, follow the on-screen repair information to make the necessary repairs or replacements.

To display E version ABS faults:

1. Connect the computer to the vehicle:
 - Attach the cable from your computer to the J1708 to RS232 converter box.
 - Attach the diagnostic cable (Deutsch) to the vehicle. **Figure 3.1.**

Figure 3.1



2. Select TOOLBOX Software from Desktop or from the Windows Start Menu to display the TOOLBOX Main Menu. **Figure 3.2.**

Figure 3.2



Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

MERITOR WABCO

- From the **Main Menu**, select **Tractor ABS Diagnostics**, or use the pull down menu to make your selection. **Figure 3.3**. The **ABS Main Screen** will appear. **Figure 3.4**.

Figure 3.3

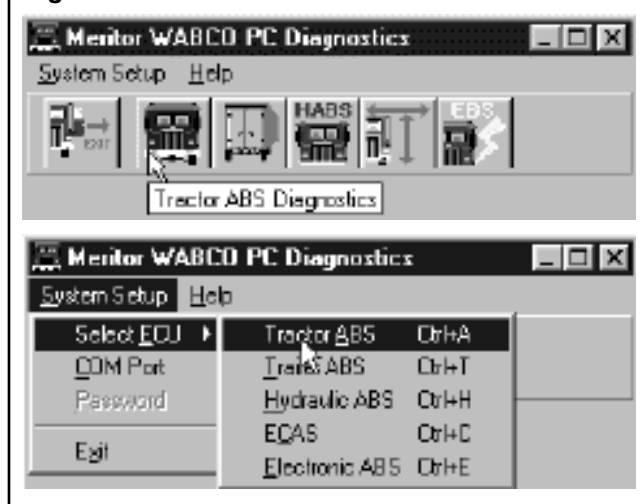
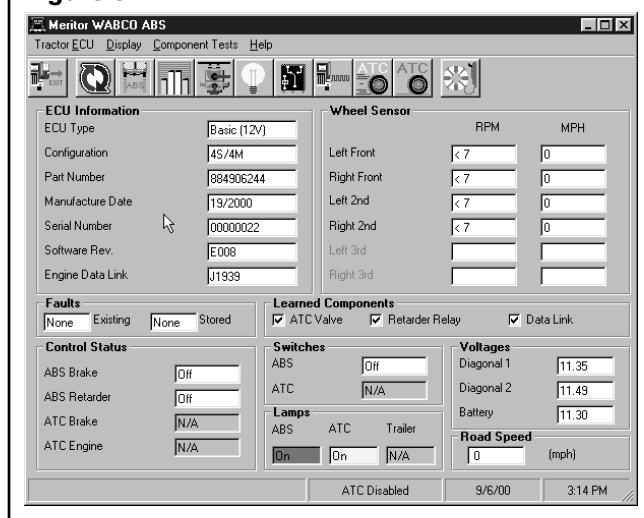


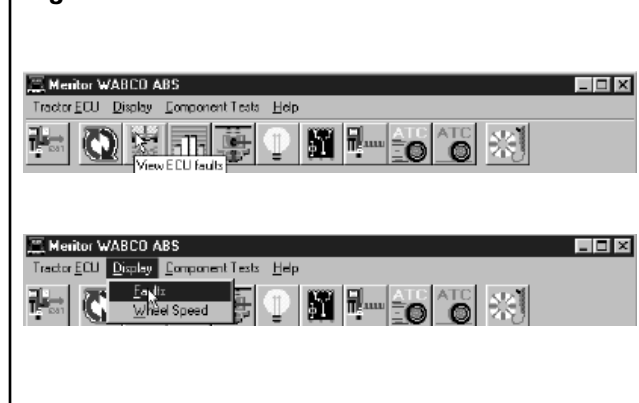
Figure 3.4



- From the **ABS Main Screen**, select the **Faults** icon, or use the pull down menu to display the faults from the ECU. **Figure 3.5**.

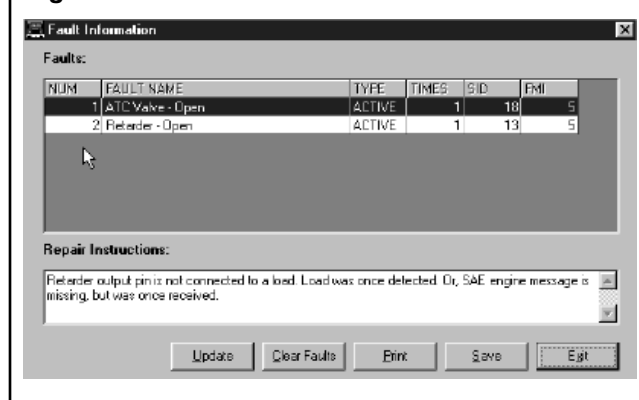
NOTE: If there are **Faults** in the system (**YES** in existing or stores fields) double-click on the **YES** to display **Fault Information**.

Figure 3.5



- The **Fault Information Screen** contains a description of the fault. Repair instructions for each fault appear at the bottom of the screen. **Figure 3.6**.

Figure 3.6



NOTE: Faults that occur after the screen is displayed will not appear until a screen update is requested. Use the **Update** button at the bottom of the screen to refresh the fault information table.

- After making the necessary repairs, use the **Clear Faults** button at the bottom of the screen to clear the fault. Use the **Update** button to refresh the fault information table and display the new list of faults.

Blink Code Diagnostics (Tractor ABS only)

Definitions

Before using blink code diagnostics, you should be familiar with a few basic terms. If you used previous versions of Meritor WABCO's blink code diagnostics, review these definitions to identify major changes.

ABS Indicator Lamp: This lamp serves two purposes: it alerts drivers to an ABS tractor fault and it is used during diagnostics to display the blink code.

Blink Code: A series of blinks or flashes that describe a particular ABS system fault or condition.

Blink Code Cycle: Two sets of flashes with each set separated by a one-and-one-half second pause. Blink codes are defined in Blink Code Identification in this section.

Blink Code Switch: A momentary switch that activates blink code diagnostic capabilities. Switch types and locations vary, depending on the make and model of the vehicle.

Clear: The process of erasing faults from the ECU.

Diagnostics: The process of using blink codes to determine ABS system faults.

Fault: An ABS malfunction detected and stored in memory by the Meritor WABCO ECU. System faults may be **Active** or **Stored**.

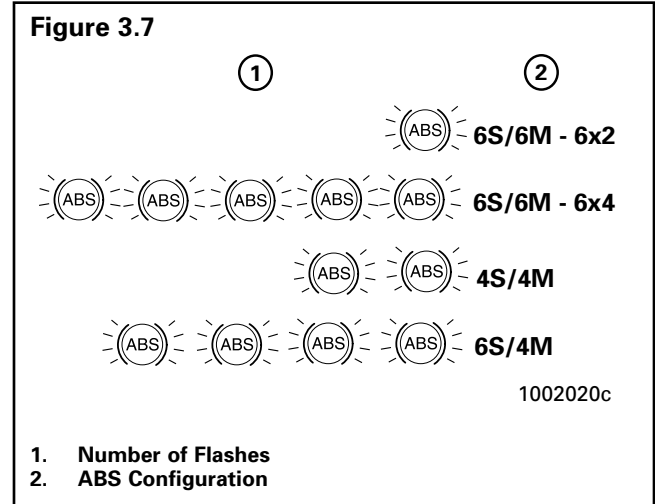
Active Fault: A condition that **currently exists** in the ABS system; for example, a sensor circuit malfunction on the left front steering axle. An active fault must be repaired before it can be cleared from memory — and before you can display additional blink code faults.

Stored Fault: There are two types of stored faults:

- A. A repaired active fault that **has not been cleared** from the ECU.
- B. A fault that occurred but **no longer exists**. For example, a loose wire that makes intermittent contact. Because stored faults are not currently active they do not have to be repaired before they can be cleared from memory.

Meritor WABCO recommends you keep a record of these faults for future reference.

System Configuration Code: One digit code displayed during the clear mode. Blink codes for common ABS system configurations are shown in **Figure 3.7**.



Diagnostic Mode

To enter the diagnostic mode, press and hold the blink code switch for one second, then release.

Clear Mode

To erase faults from the ECU, you must be in the clear mode. To enter the clear mode, press and hold the blink code switch for at least three seconds, then release.

If the system displays eight quick flashes followed by a system configuration code, the clear was successful. Stored ABS faults have been cleared from memory.

If you do not receive eight flashes, there are still active faults that must be repaired before they can be cleared.

NOTE: The clear mode is also used to disable the ATC function.

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Blink Code Diagnostics

Troubleshooting with Blink Code Diagnostics			
Mode	Procedure	System Response	Action
DIAGNOSTICS	Step I. Turn Ignition ON	Possible responses: A. ABS indicator lamp comes on momentarily then goes out, indicating System O.K. B. ABS indicator lamp does not light, indicating possible wiring fault or burned-out bulb. C. ABS indicator lamp stays on, indicating: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fault, or faults, in the system. Sensor fault during last operation. Faults cleared from ECU, but vehicle not driven. ECU disconnected. 	No recognizable active faults in the ABS. No action required. Inspect wiring. Inspect bulb. Make necessary repairs. Continue with blink code diagnostics. (Go to Step II.) Continue with blink code diagnostics. (Go to Step II.) Drive vehicle — lamp will go out when vehicle reaches 4 mph (6 km/h). Connect ECU.
	Step II. Press and hold Blink Code Switch for one second, then release.	ABS indicator lamp begins flashing two-digit blink code(s).	Determine if fault is active or stored: Active Fault: Lamp will repeatedly display one code. Stored Fault: Lamp will display code for each stored fault then stop blinking. Faults will be displayed one time only .
	Step III. Count the flashes to determine the blink code.	First Digit: 1 - 8 flashes, Pause (1-1/2 seconds). Second Digit: 1 - 6 flashes, Pause (4 seconds).	Find definition for blink code on blink code chart.
	Step IV. Turn Ignition OFF. Repair and Record faults.	Active Fault. Stored Faults.	Make the necessary repairs. Repeat Steps I, II, and III until System O.K. code (1-1) received. Record for future reference. NOTE: Last fault stored is first fault displayed.
CLEAR	Step V. Turn Ignition ON. Clear Faults from memory: Press and hold blink code switch for at least three seconds, then release.	ABS Indicator Lamp flashes eight times. Eight flashes not received.	All stored faults successfully cleared. Turn ignition OFF. Active faults still exist, repeat Steps I through V.

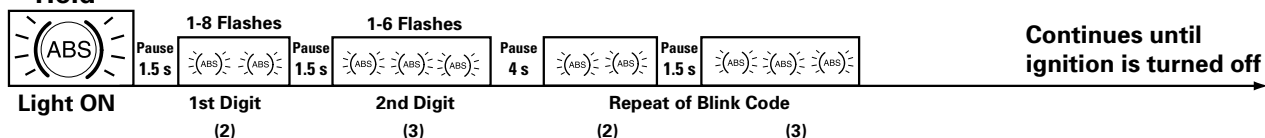
Blink Codes Illustrated

Figure 3.8



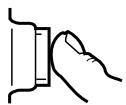
1 Second Hold

Active Fault



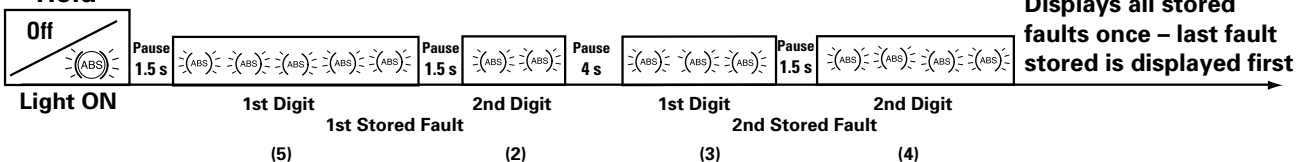
Example:

Blink Code 2-3: Fault in ABS modulator valve, right rear drive axle.



1 Second Hold

Stored Faults



Example:

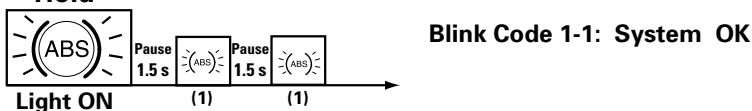
Blink Code 5-2: Sensor signal erratic, left front steer axle.

3-4: Too much sensor gap, left rear drive axle.



1 Second Hold

System O.K.



S = Seconds

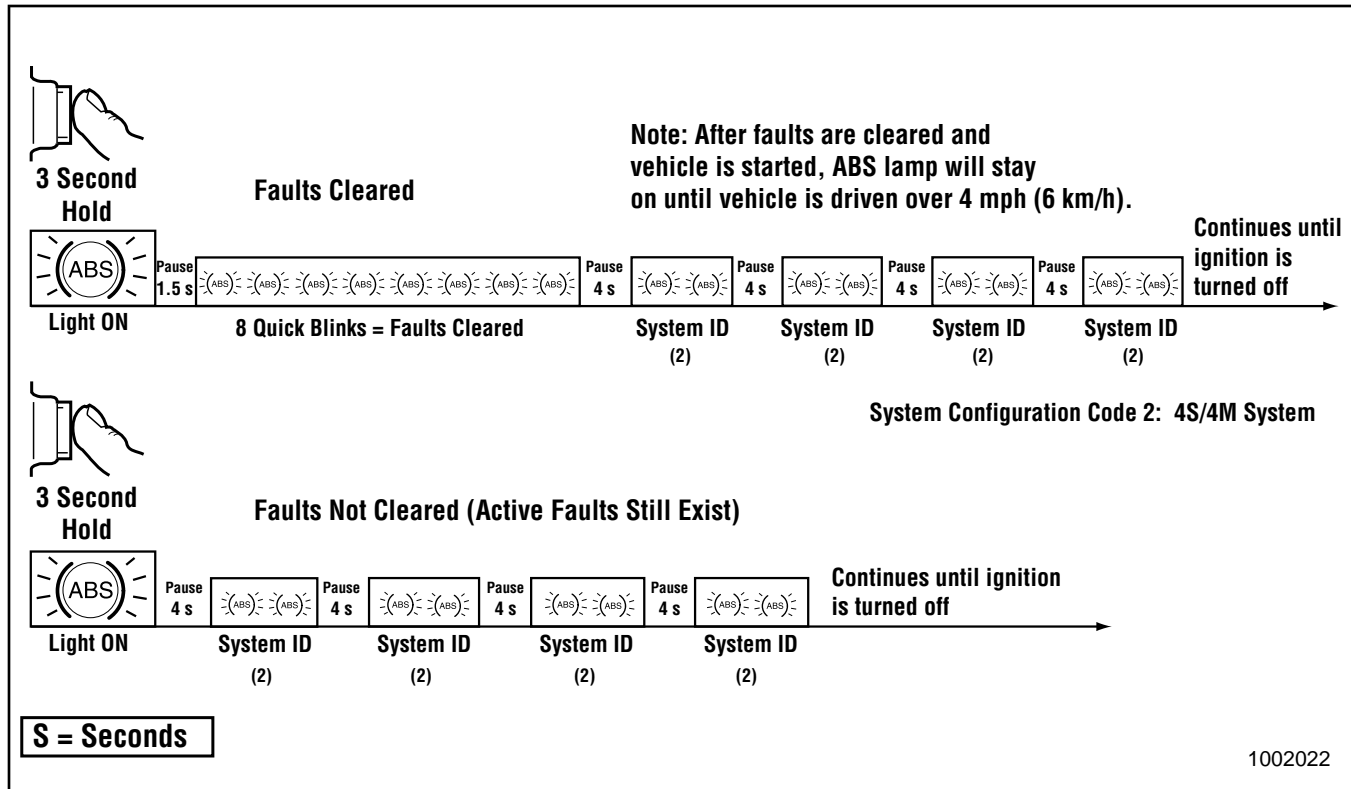
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Continued on next page.

Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

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Blink Codes Illustrated (Continued)



Working with Blink Codes

Blink Code Conditions

When using blink code diagnostics, the following conditions could occur:

Blink Code Conditions		
Condition	Reason	Action
ABS indicator lamp does not come on at ignition.	Loose or burned-out bulb.	Check bulb. Check connections. Make necessary repairs.
	Voltage not within acceptable range (9.5-14.0 volts).	Check connections. Measure voltage. Make necessary repairs.
Can't use blink code diagnostics; ABS indicator lamp will not go off when blink code is activated.	Switch not held for proper length of time: 1 Second — Diagnostics Mode 3 Seconds — Clear All Mode	Repeat procedure, hold switch for proper length of time.
	Improper or faulty wiring.	Inspect and repair wiring.
Eight Flashes not received after blink code switch pressed for at least three seconds, then released.	Active Faults still exist.	Identify active faults, then make necessary repairs. Turn ignition OFF, then repeat Blink Code Diagnostics.

Blink Code Identification

Use the following information to identify the blink code:

Blink Code Identification	
First Digit (Type of Fault)	Second Digit — Specific Location of Fault
1 No faults	1 No faults
2 ABS modulator valve 3 Too much sensor gap 4 Sensor short or open 5 Sensor signal erratic/tire size 6 Tooth wheel	1 Right front steer axle (curb side) 2 Left front steer axle (driver's side) 3 Right rear drive axle (curb side) 4 Left rear drive axle (driver's side) 5 Right rear/additional axle (curb side)* 6 Left rear/additional axle (driver's side)*
7 System function**	1 J1939 datalink 2 ATC valve 3 Retarder relay (third brake) 4 ABS indicator lamp 5 ATC configuration 6 ATC prop./dif lock/stop valve
8 ECU	1 Low power supply 2 High power supply 3 Internal fault 4 System configuration error 5 Ground

* Tandem, lift, tag or pusher axle depending upon the type of suspension.

** If this code continues after all repairs have been made — or if you receive a code for a component that is not installed on the vehicle — it may be necessary to reconfigure the ECU. Refer to the Reconfiguration Procedure described in Appendix III. TOOLBOX Software may also be used to reconfigure the ECU (refer to Appendix III). Contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560 for reconfiguration information.

Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

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Blink Code Troubleshooting and Repair

Blink Code	Action Required	Reference
2-1 2-4 2-2 2-5 2-3 2-6	Check ABS modulator valve, valve cable, and connectors. Verify 4.0-9.0 ohms resistance (ABS modulator valve).	Refer to "Valve Tests," page 34.
3-1 3-4 3-2 3-5 3-3 3-6	Adjust wheel sensor to touch tooth wheel. Check sensor gap. Check for loose wheel bearings or excessive hub runout. Verify minimum 0.2 volts AC output @ 30 rpm.	Refer to "Sensor Adjustment," page 32, "Sensor Output Voltage Test," page 32, and "Component Tests and Functions," page 27.
4-1 4-4 4-2 4-5 4-3 4-6	Check sensor, sensor cable, and connectors. Verify 900-2000 ohms resistance.	Repair or replace as needed.
5-1 5-4 5-2 5-5 5-3 5-6	Check for tire size mismatch or tooth wheel difference. Check sensor, sensor cable, and connector for intermittent contact.	Refer to "Tire Size Range," page 31.
6-1 6-4 6-2 6-5 6-3 6-6	Check for damaged tooth wheel.	Repair or replace as needed.
7-1*	Check for proper J1939 data link connection. Verify wheel spin on each axle.	Refer to wiring diagram in Appendix II.
7-2*	Check ATC Valve, valve cables, and connectors. Verify 7.0-14.0 ohms resistance.	Refer to "Valve Tests," page 34.
7-3*	Check retarder (third brake) connections.	Refer to wiring diagram in Appendix II.
7-4*	Check ABS indicator light connections. Verify blink code switch was activated longer than 16 seconds.	
7-5*	Verify proper ATC set-up.	
7-6*	Verify accuracy of blink code and clear from ECU memory.	Refer to "Blink Code Diagnostics (Tractor ABS only)," page 17.
8-1	Check for low voltage. Check vehicle voltage, fuse, and supply to ECU (9.5-14.0 volts).	Refer to wiring diagram in Appendix II and "Voltage Check," page 31.
8-2	Check for high voltage. Check vehicle voltage (9.5-14.0 volts). Verify accuracy of blink code and clear from ECU memory.	Refer to "Voltage Check," page 31, and "Blink Code Diagnostics (Tractor ABS only)," page 17.
8-3	Verify accuracy of blink code and clear from ECU memory.	Refer to "Blink Code Diagnostics (Tractor ABS only)" and "Clear Mode," page 17.
8-4	Verify all ECU connectors are in place. Verify accuracy of blink code and clear from ECU memory. <i>If code does not clear, it may be necessary to replace the ECU.</i>	Contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560.
8-5	Check all ABS, ECU and ATC valve grounds.	Refer to wiring diagram in Appendix II.

* If this code continues after all repairs have been made — or if you receive a code for a component that is not installed on the vehicle — it may be necessary to reconfigure the ECU. Refer to the Reconfiguration Procedure described in Appendix III. TOOLBOX Software may also be used to reconfigure the ECU (refer to Appendix III). Contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560 for reconfiguration information.

Pro-Link® Diagnostics

NOTE: You must use Multiple Protocol Cartridge (MPC) and Meritor WABCO application card, version 2.0 or higher, with E version ECUs. The PLC functions of E version ABS cannot be tested with the Pro-Link.

The Pro-Link® 9000 may be used in place of blink code diagnostic procedures.

The following Pro-Link information applies to E version ECUs. Refer to Maintenance Manual 28 if you are using the Pro-Link with C version ECUs or Maintenance Manual 30 if you are using the Pro-Link with D version ABS.

Diagnostic Procedure

1. Slide the MPC into the Pro-Link keypad until the connection is tight. Then, insert the Meritor WABCO applications card into the cartridge.
2. Chock the wheels, apply the parking brake, and make sure ignition power is off.
3. Locate the 6-pin diagnostic receptacle in the vehicle cab. Insert the 6-pin connector from the Pro-Link into the receptacle.
4. Turn the ignition to the ON/RUN position. The Pro-Link screen should power up.

If the Pro-Link does not power up, or if the screen indicates NO DATA RECEIVED:

- Check connections.
 - Make sure the cartridge is properly connected to the Pro-Link keypad.
 - Verify 9.5-14.0 volts DC power and ground at the connector and ABS ECU.
 - Check the fuse panel for a blown fuse.
 - Check for proper wiring in the diagnostic connector.
5. Refer to the Pro-Link manual for complete diagnostic instructions.

**The Pro-Link® 9000 is available from
Kent-Moore, 800-328-6657.**

Pro-Link Screens

This information provides basic screen explanations for the Pro-Link® 9000 with an MPC and Meritor WABCO application card. For complete operating instructions and test information, refer to the Pro-Link manual.

Fault Information Screens:

Existing Faults: Use these screens to identify existing faults. The Pro-Link screen displays a written description of the fault, including the location on the vehicle where each exists. As long as there is an active (existing) fault in the system, the Pro-Link will not let you clear faults.

Stored Faults: Use these screens to identify faults stored in the ECU memory. Stored faults may be existing faults that have been repaired, or faults that existed for a short time, then corrected themselves. After displaying the stored faults, the Pro-Link lets you erase them from memory. All stored faults are cleared at one time.

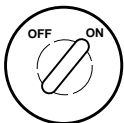


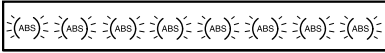
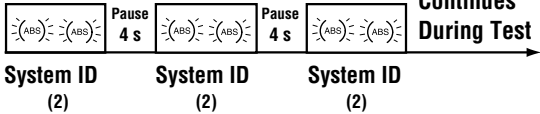




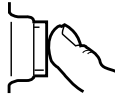



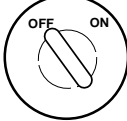
Pro-Link Display

Depending upon the ECU being tested, the Pro-Link screen will display certain options or components only when recognized by the ECU. These include:

- ATC, ATC Indicator Lamps, Trailer ABS Indicator Lamp, ATC Valve
- Engine Datalink
- Retarder Relay
- Retarder Datalink

J1939 Datalink Verification — Pro-Link 9000

The Pro-Link diagnostic tool may be used to verify J1939 datalink connection. If you do not have a Pro-Link, you can use the blink code switch to verify this connection.

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Turn ignition ON. Press blink code switch — hold for 3 seconds. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ATC indicator lamp will come on and stay on for the entire test. <i>If vehicle is not equipped with ATC, the ATC indicator lamp will not come on.</i> ABS indicator lamp will come on and blink 8 times. <i>If the lamp does not blink 8 times, there are faults that must be cleared before you continue with this test.</i> The eight quick flashes will be followed by the system configuration code. A 4S/4M (2 blinks) system is identified here. <i>The system configuration code will continue during the entire test.</i> Activate the J1939 engine torque reduction code, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Step on the accelerator. Bring the engine to 1000 rpm. <i>Leave your foot on the accelerator during the entire test.</i> While engine is at 1000 rpm, press the blink code switch twice, as follows: Press for one second Release for one second Press for one second Release for one second The engine will go to idle for approximately 10 seconds and then return to 1000 rpm. Turn ignition OFF. Test complete, engine torque reduction command verified. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none">  <p>→ IGNITION ON 3 Second Hold</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">    <p>8 Quick Blinks = Faults Cleared</p>  <p>System ID (2) System ID (2) System ID (2) Continues During Test</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">    <p>1 Second Hold</p> <p>→  Pause</p> <p>→  1 Second Hold</p> <p>→  Pause</p>   
---	---

Component Test Screens

These screens help you test ABS components. Select this function from the Tractor ABS/ATC menu.

ABS VALVES

ATC

ABS INDICATOR LAMP

ABS TRAILER INDICATOR LAMP

ATC INDICATOR LAMP

ABS/ATC SWITCHES

SENSORS

ENGINE DATALINK

RETARDER RELAY

RETARDER DATALINK

VEHICLE VOLTAGES

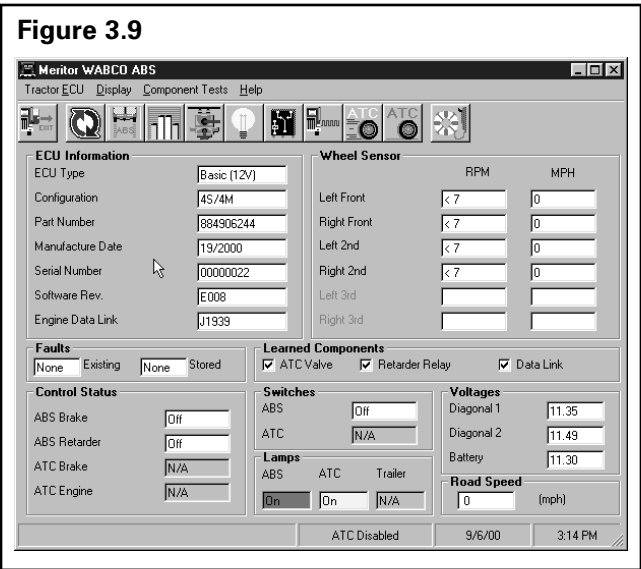
Select the appropriate function. Each screen has instructions to guide you through the test. Refer to the Pro-Link Manual for complete instructions.

System Information

TOOLBOX Software Display

NOTE: Refer to page 15 of this manual for instructions for running TOOLBOX Software, or refer to the Software Owner’s Manual, TP-99102, for complete instructions.

The quickest method of verifying system information is the TOOLBOX Software **ABS Main Screen**. **Figure 3.9**.



This screen provides information about the current state of Meritor WABCO ABS. ECU information is read once from the ECU and does not change. All other information (e.g., wheel sensors, control status, voltages, faults and road speed) is read and updated continuously.

The status of ABS switches and lamps, as well as other data, may also be observed from this screen.

Pro-Link 9000 Display

With some ECUs, the Pro-Link will display system information — components or options supported by the ECU. Access these screens through System Setup (main ABS menu).

The following screens illustrate:

- A 4S/4M ABS/ATC system
- Where the ECU has not recognized a retarder relay
- Where the ECU has recognized a J1939 datalink
- The ECU is capable of supporting ABS and ATC switches.

NOTE: **Yes** indicates the ECU is capable of supporting these options. These may or may not be installed on the vehicle.

TRACTOR ABS/ATC	
SYSTEM INFORMATION	
SENSORS	4
MODULATORS	4

ATC VALVE	YES
RETARDER RELAY	NO
J1939	YES
DIFF LOCK	NO
ABS SWITCH	YES
ATC SWITCH	YES

Component Tests and Functions

TOOLBOX Software

NOTE: Refer to page 15 of this manual for instructions for running TOOLBOX Software, or refer to the Software Owner's Manual, TP-99102, for complete instructions.

Use TOOLBOX Software to display wheel speeds, cycle ABS valves, activate ABS and ATC lamps, including the trailer ABS lamp, and turn the retarder relay on or off. In addition, the J1939 engine datalink connection may be quickly verified by using TOOLBOX Software.

Wheel Speed

Select the wheel speed icon or use the pull down menu from the ABS Main Screen to display wheel speed data in both numeric and graphical form. This data may be shown in RPM or MPH format (**Figure 3.10**) and in vertical or horizontal graphs (**Figures 3.11 and 3.12**). Select the appearance and style from the options menu.

Figure 3.10

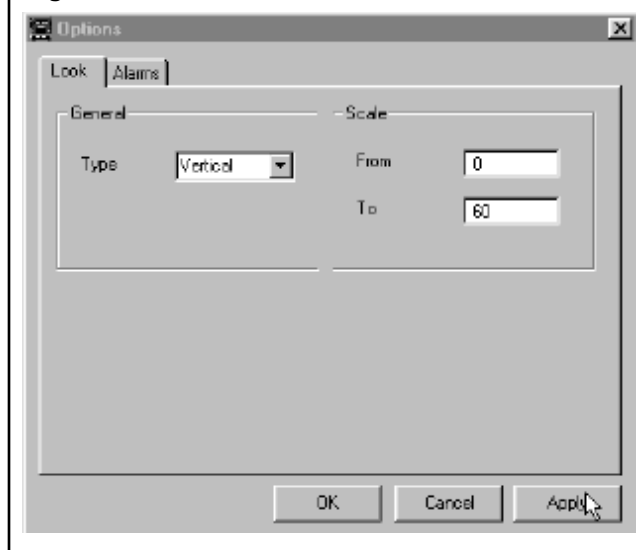


Figure 3.11

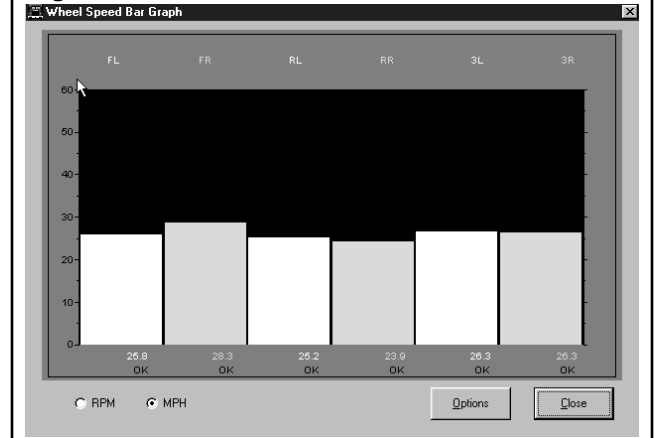
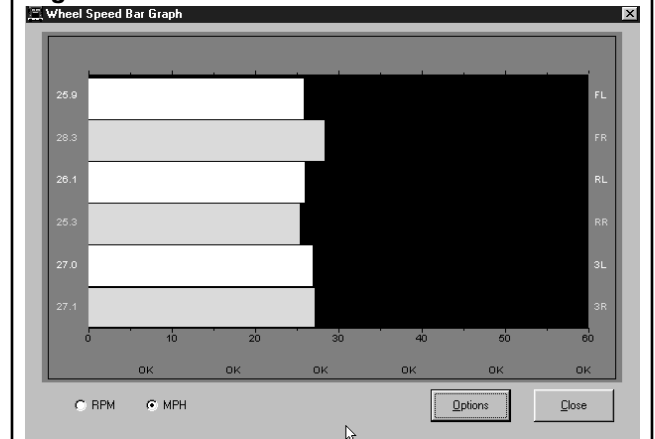


Figure 3.12



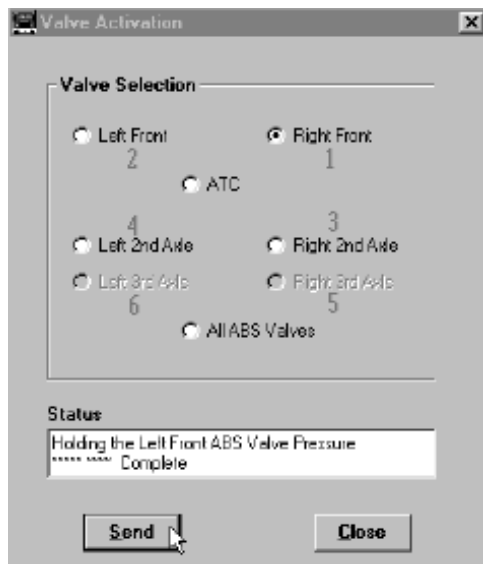
Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

MERITOR WABCO

Valve Activation

Select the valve icon or use the pull down menu to select and cycle individual ABS valves. Then listen to ensure the correct valve is cycling. This is helpful when verifying proper operation, installation and wiring. **Figure 3.13.**

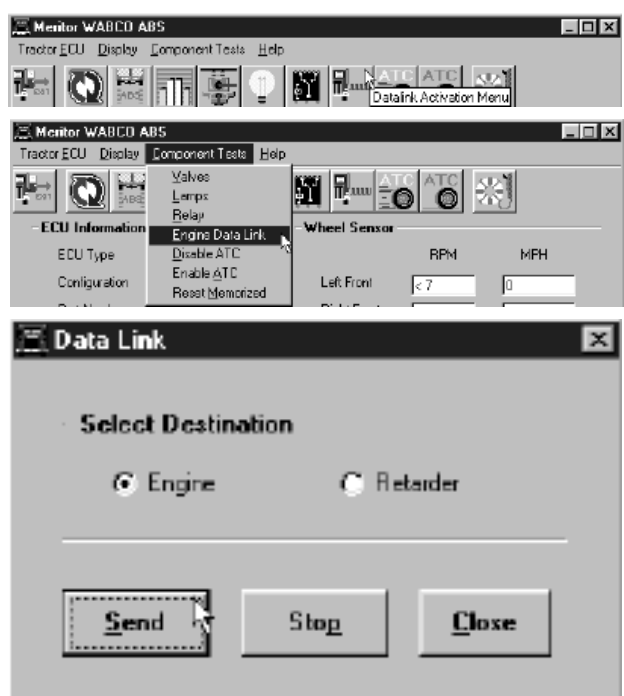
Figure 3.13



Data Link Activation

Select the **Engine Data Link** icon from the Main ABS Screen or use the pull down menu to send a "limit engine torque" command to the engine or a "disable retarder" command to the retarder. **Figure 3.15.**

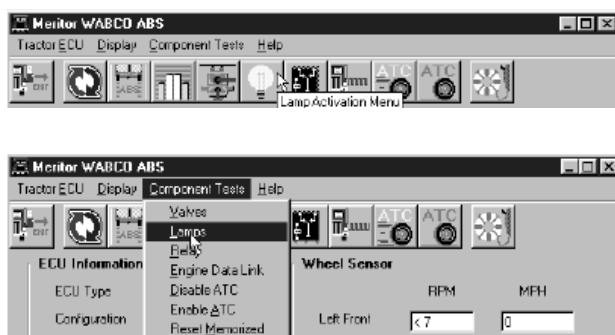
Figure 3.15



Lamp Activation

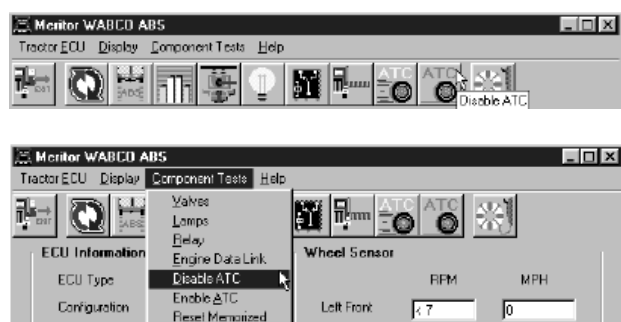
Select the lamp icon or use the pull down menu to turn the tractor and trailer ABS and/or the ATC (wheel spin) lamps on or off. This is helpful when verifying proper operation, installation and wiring of the lamps to the ECU. **Figure 3.14.**

Figure 3.14

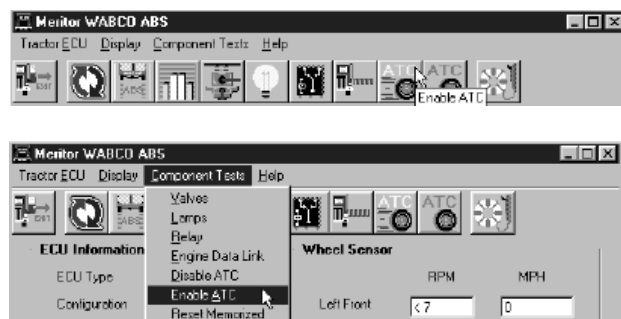


Disable or Enable ATC

Select the **Disable ATC** icon or use the pull down menu on the **ABS Main Screen** to send the command to the ECU to disable automatic traction control. ATC will remain disabled until the enable command is sent — or until the vehicle ignition is cycled. **Always disable ATC for dynamometer testing.** Figure 3.16.

Figure 3.16

Select the **Enable ATC** icon or use the pull down menu on the **ABS Main Screens** to send a command to the ECU to enable ATC. This is the normal state of the ECU. Figure 3.17.

Figure 3.17

NOTE: The status bar on the **ABS Main Screen** reflects the current status of the ATC function; enabled, disabled or N/A (not available).

Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

Component Tests and Functions (Pro-Link)

These screens help you test ABS components. Select this function from the Tractor ABS/ATC menu.

TRACTOR COMP TESTS

— SELECTIONS —

↑ VEHICLE VOLTAGES ↓

Select the appropriate function. Each screen has instructions to guide you through the test. Refer to the Pro-Link Manual for complete instructions.

The following definitions explain the function of each test.

Component Test	Function
Vehicle Voltages	Monitors the voltage signals powering the ECU.
ABS Valves	Cycles the valves, one at a time. With brake pedal applied, you should hear four short air exhausts, then one long air pressure hold. A menu selection lets you choose from four or six valves. This test is used to verify valve locations and proper wiring. NOTE: The treadle must be applied to pressurize the brake chambers.
ATC	Checks the ATC valve. You will hear a click as the valve cycles. NOTE: TOOLBOX Software or the Pro-Link may be used to shut off ATC for dynamometer testing.
ABS Tractor Lamp	Monitors the commanded (on/off) states of the ABS tractor lamp. Follow the screen prompts (1 On, 2 Off) to change the status of the lamp on the instrument panel.
ABS Trailer Lamp	Monitors the commanded (on/off) states of the ABS trailer lamp. Follow the screen prompts (1 On, 2 Off) to change the status of the lamp on the instrument panel.
ATC Tractor Lamp	Monitors the commanded (on/off) states of the ATC tractor lamp. Follow the screen prompts (1 On, 2 Off) to change the status of the lamp on the instrument panel.
ABS/ATC Switches	Checks the status of ABS and ATC/Deep Snow and Mud switches on the instrument panel.
Sensors	Monitors the input to the ECU from the wheel. Vehicle must be stationary and wheels must be rotated during this test.
Engine Datalink	Checks wiring connections and response between the engine and the ECU.
Retarder Relay	Activates the relay to verify function (a click will be heard). This test also checks wiring connections.
Retarder Datalink	Checks wiring connections and retarder response between the retarder and the ECU.

Tire Size Range

For proper ABS/ATC operation with the standard ECU, front and rear tire sizes must be within $\pm 14\%$ of each other. When this tire size range is exceeded without electronically modifying the ECU, the system performance can be affected and the indicator lamp can illuminate.

Call Meritor WABCO at 800-535-5560 if you plan a tire size difference greater than 14%.

Calculate the tire size with the following equation:

$$\% \text{ Difference} = \left\{ \frac{\text{RPM Steer}}{\text{RPM Drive}} - 1 \right\} \times 100$$

RPM — tire revolutions per mile

Testing Components



CAUTION

When troubleshooting and testing the ABS system, do not damage the connector terminals.

Voltage Check

Measure voltage at the pins indicated in **Table C**.

- Voltage must be between 9.5 and 14.0 volts.
- The ignition must be turned ON for this test.

Table C: Voltage Check Pins

ECU	Connector	Pins
Universal	14-Pin	4 and 9 9 and 4
Basic	14-Pin	7 and 4 8 and 9
Frame-mounted	X1-Grey	1 and 12 2 and 11

NOTE: Pin locations are illustrated in **Figure 3.18** (Frame) and **Figure 3.19** (Basic and Universal).

Figure 3.18

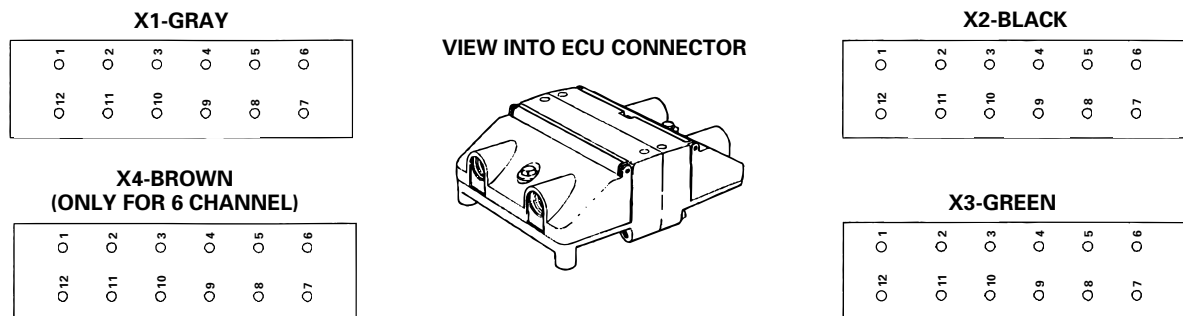
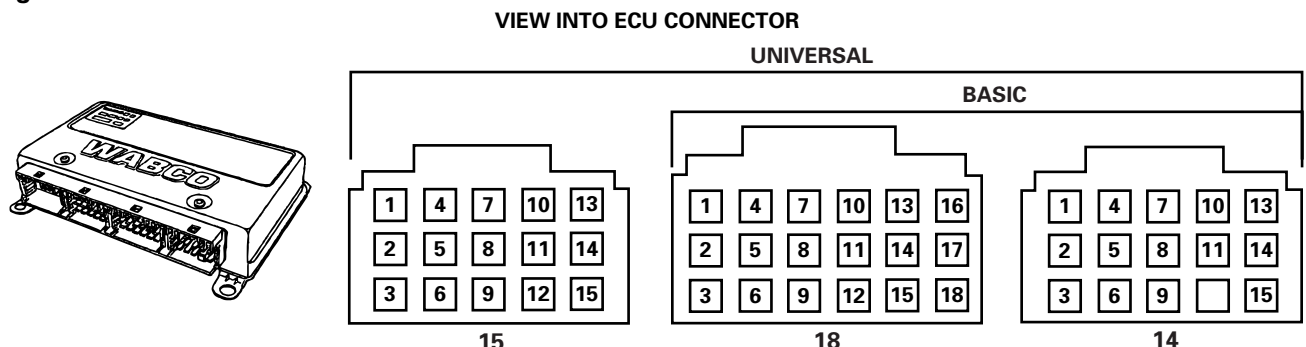


Figure 3.19



Section 3 Troubleshooting & Testing

MERITOR WABCO

Location of Sensors

On steering axles, the sensor is accessible on the in-board side of the steering knuckle.

On drive axles, the drum assembly may have to be pulled to gain access to the sensor.

Sensor Adjustment

- Push the sensor in until it contacts the tooth wheel.
- Do not pry or push sensors with sharp objects.
- Sensors will self-adjust during wheel rotation.

Sensor Output Voltage Test

Voltage must be at least 0.2 volts AC at 30 rpm.

1. Turn ignition OFF.
2. Disconnect the appropriate connector from the ECU (refer to wiring diagram).
3. Rotate wheel by hand at 30 rpm (1/2 revolution per second).
4. Measure voltage at the pins indicated in **Table D**.
 - If the minimum output voltage is less than 0.2, push the corresponding sensor toward the tooth wheel, then repeat the measurement.

Table D: Sensor Check Pins

ECU	Sensor	Connector	Pins
Universal	LF	18-Pin	12 and 15
	RF	18-Pin	10 and 13
	LR	18-Pin	11 and 14
	RR	18-Pin	17 and 18
	LR (3rd Axle)	15-Pin	2 and 5
	RR (3rd Axle)	15-Pin	11 and 14
Basic	LF	18-Pin	12 and 15
	RF	18-Pin	10 and 13
	LR	18-Pin	11 and 14
	RR	18-Pin	17 and 18
Frame-mounted	LF	X2 — Black	7 and 8
	RF	X2 — Black	5 and 6
	LR	X3 — Green	1 and 2
	RR	X3 — Green	3 and 4
	LR (3rd Axle)	X4 — Brown	3 and 4
	RR (3rd Axle)	X4 — Brown	5 and 6

Sensor Resistance

The sensor circuit resistance must be between 900 and 2000 ohms. Resistance can be measured at the sensor connector, or at the pins on the ECU connector. To measure resistance:

1. Turn ignition OFF.
2. To measure resistance at the sensor connector, disconnect the ECU connector from the ECU. To measure resistance at the sensor connector, disconnect the sensor from the sensor extension cable.
3. Measure output at the pins indicated in **Table D**.

Dynamometer Testing Vehicles with ATC



WARNING

The automatic traction control (ATC) function must be disabled before any type of dynamometer testing is conducted on the vehicle. If the ATC is not disabled, the vehicle ATC may actuate and cause the vehicle to move forward without warning to the operator. If the vehicle moves forward unexpectedly, the vehicle may cause damage or injuries to individuals who are in the path of the vehicle.



CAUTION

Do not cycle the vehicle ignition while the vehicle is on a dynamometer. Cycling the vehicle ignition will enable the ATC.

Vehicles with ATC must have the ATC disabled to test the vehicle on a dynamometer. To disable the ATC use one of the following methods:

1. Blink Code Switch

Press and hold the blink code switch for at least three seconds. (Refer to Blink Code Diagnostics (Tractor ABS only) and Clear Mode in this section for a description of how the blink code display will appear.)

- Once the system configuration code begins, ATC has been disabled.
- The ATC lamp comes on and stays on while ATC is disabled.
- ATC will remain disabled until the vehicle ignition is cycled.
- After testing, ATC will automatically reactivate the first time the vehicle ignition is cycled.

2. Remove Power

Remove the ABS circuit breaker/fuse or remove the ECU power connector to disable the ABS and ATC.

- After testing, re-install the circuit breaker/fuse and the ATC will automatically reactivate the first time the vehicle power is applied to the ECU.

3. TOOLBOX Software

At the ABS Main Menu, select the **Disable ATC** icon or use the pull down menu to send the command to the ECU to disable the ATC. Refer to the TOOLBOX Software Owner's Manual for complete instructions for using TOOLBOX.

- ATC will remain disabled until the enable command is sent or the vehicle ignition is cycled.
- After testing, ATC will automatically reactivate the first time the vehicle ignition is cycled.

4. MPSI Pro-Link

Refer to the MPSI Pro-Link Owner's Manual for instructions.

- ATC will remain disabled until the enable command is sent or the vehicle ignition is cycled.
- After testing, ATC will automatically reactivate the first time the vehicle ignition is cycled.

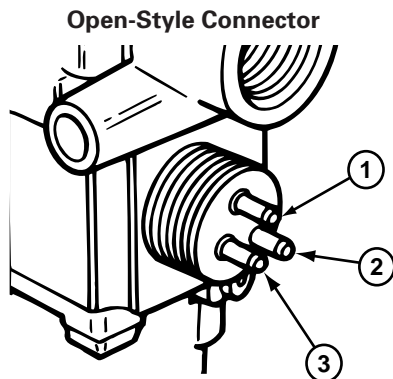
Valve Tests

ABS Modulator Valve

Measure resistance across each valve solenoid coil terminal and ground on the ABS valve to ensure 4.0 to 9.0 ohms. **Figure 3.20.**

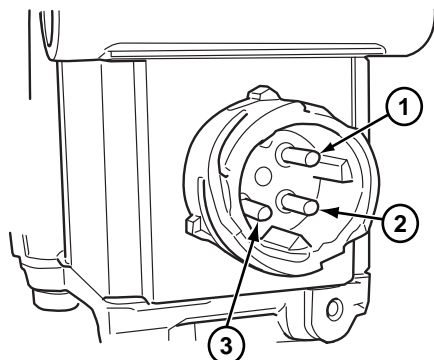
- If the resistance is greater than 9.0 ohms, clean the electrical contacts in the solenoid. Check the resistance again.
- To check the cable and the ABS valve as one unit, measure resistance across the pins on the ECU connector of the harness. Check the diagram of the system you are testing for pin numbers. (Refer to Appendix II.)

Figure 3.20



1. Ground Terminal
2. Exhaust Solenoid (blue wire)
3. Inlet Solenoid (brown wire)

Bayonet-Style Connector



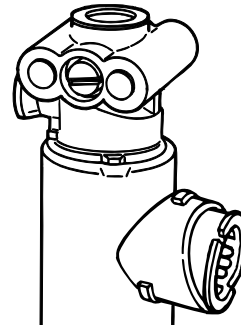
1. Exhaust Solenoid (blue wire)
2. Inlet Solenoid (brown wire)
3. Ground Terminal

ATC Valve

Measure resistance across the two electrical terminals on the ATC valve to ensure 7.0 to 14.0 ohms. **Figure 3.21.**

- If the resistance is greater than 14.0 ohms, clean the electrical contacts on the solenoid. Check the resistance again.
- To check the cable and ATC valve as one unit, measure resistance across the pins on the ECU connector of the harness. Check the diagram of the system you are testing for pin numbers. (Refer to Appendix II.)

Figure 3.21



NOTE: Refer to Appendix III for ABS Valve Package Troubleshooting Guide.

Component Removal and Installation

Valves

- ABS Modulator Valves
- ATC Valve
- ABS Valve Package (Front or Rear)
 - Modulator Valves
 - Relay Valve or Quick Disconnect Valve
 - ATC Valve

Sensor Lube Specification

Meritor WABCO specifications call for a sensor lubricant with the following characteristics:

Lube must be mineral oil-based and contain molydisulfide. It should have excellent anti-corrosion and adhesion characteristics, and be capable of continuous function in a temperature range of -40° to 300°F (-40° to 150°C).

WARNING

To prevent serious eye injury, always wear safe eye protection when you perform vehicle maintenance or service.

Release all air from the air systems before you remove any components. Pressurized air can cause serious personal injury.

CAUTION

Use the following procedures to avoid damage to the electrical system and ABS/ATC components.

When welding on an ABS- or ABS/ATC-equipped vehicle is necessary, disconnect the power connector from the ECU.

Sensors

Wheel Speed Sensor Removal — Front Axle

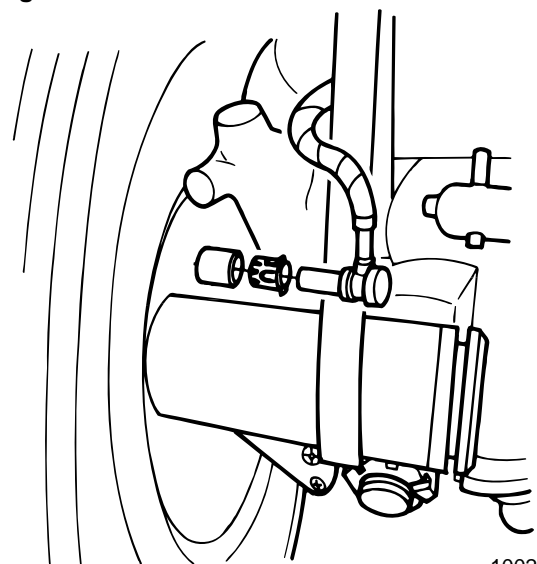
To remove the sensor from the front axle:

WARNING

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

1. Put blocks under the rear tires to stop the vehicle from moving. Apply the parking brake.
2. If necessary, raise the front tires off the ground. Put safety stands under the axle.
3. Disconnect the fasteners that hold the sensor cable to other components.
4. Disconnect the sensor cable from the chassis harness.
5. Remove the sensor from the sensor holder. Use a twisting motion if necessary. **Do not pull on the cable. Figure 4.1.**

Figure 4.1



1002036a

Knuckle-Mounted Sensor

Section 4

Component Replacement

MERITOR WABCO

Wheel Speed Sensor Installation — Front Axle

To replace the sensor in the front axle:

1. Connect the sensor cable to the chassis harness.
2. Install the fasteners used to hold the sensor cable in place.
3. Apply a Meritor WABCO recommended lubricant to the sensor spring clip and sensor.
4. Install the sensor spring clip. Make sure the spring clip tabs are on the inboard side of the vehicle.
5. Push the sensor spring clip into the bushing in the steering knuckle until the clip stops.
6. Push the sensor completely into the sensor spring clip until it contacts the tooth wheel.

NOTE: After installation, there should be no gap between the sensor and the tooth wheel. During normal operation, a gap of up to 0.04-inch is allowable.

7. Remove the blocks and safety stands.

Wheel Speed Sensor Removal — Rear Axle

To remove the sensor from the rear axle:



WARNING

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

1. Put blocks under the front tires to stop the vehicle from moving.
2. Raise the rear tire off the ground. Put safety stands under the axle.
3. Release the parking brake and back off the slack adjuster to release the brake shoes.
4. Remove the wheel and tire assembly from the axle.
5. Remove the brake drum.
6. Remove the sensor from the mounting block in the axle housing. Use a twisting motion if necessary. **Do not pull on the cable.**
7. Remove the sensor spring clip from the mounting block.

8. Disconnect the fasteners that hold the sensor cable and the hose clamp to other components.
9. Disconnect the sensor cable from the chassis harness.

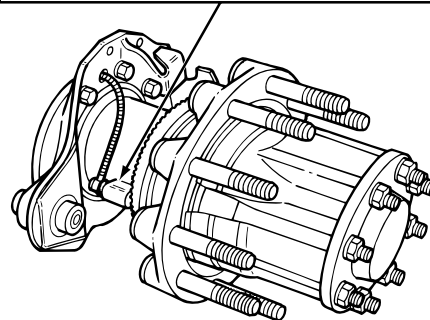
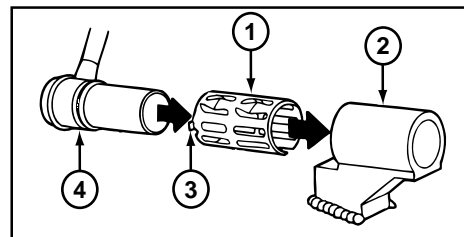
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation — Rear Axle

1. Apply a Meritor WABCO recommended lubricant to the sensor spring clip and sensor.
2. Install the sensor spring clip. Make sure the spring clip tabs are on the inboard side of the vehicle.
3. Push the sensor spring clip into the mounting block until it stops.

NOTE: After installation, there should be no gap between the sensor and the tooth wheel. During normal operation, a gap of up to 0.04-inch is allowable.

4. Push the sensor completely into the sensor spring clip until it contacts the tooth wheel.
- Figure 4.2.**

Figure 4.2



1002037a

1. Spring Clip
2. Sensor Holder
3. Spring Clip Tab
4. Sensor

5. Insert the sensor cable through the hole in the spider and axle housing flange. Route the cable to the frame rail. Be sure to route the cable in a way that will prevent pinching or chafing and will allow sufficient movement for suspension travel.
6. Connect the sensor cable to the chassis harness.
7. Install the fasteners that hold the sensor cable in place.
8. Install the brake drum on the wheel hub.
9. Complete the installation per vehicle manufacturer's manual.

Valves

ABS Modulator Valve

Removal

1. Turn ignition switch to the OFF position, apply parking brake.

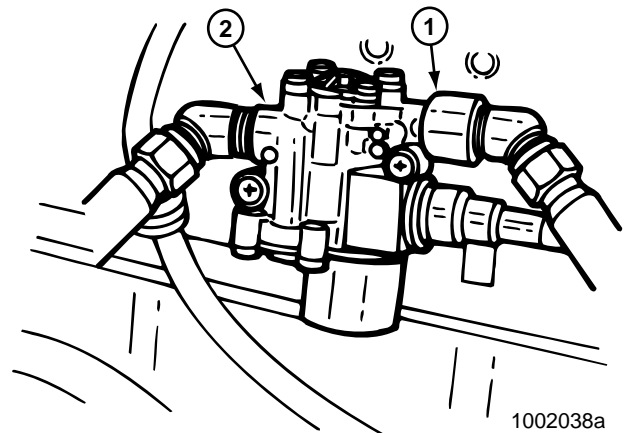


WARNING

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

2. Put blocks under the front and rear tires to stop the vehicle from moving.
3. If necessary, raise the vehicle off the ground and put safety stands under the axle.
4. Disconnect the wiring connector from the ABS valve.
5. Disconnect the air lines from Ports 1 (air supply) and 2 (air discharge) of the ABS valve. **Figure 4.3.**
6. Remove the two mounting capscrews and nuts.
7. Remove the ABS valve.

Figure 4.3



1. Port 1 (Air In)
2. Port 2 (Air Out)

Installation



CAUTION

Moisture can affect the performance of all ABS/ATC systems, as well as the standard braking system. Moisture in air lines can cause air lines to freeze in cold weather.

To install the ABS modulator valve:

1. Install the ABS valve with two mounting capscrews and nuts. Tighten the capscrews per the manufacturer's recommendation.
2. Connect the line to the brake chambers to Port 2 of the ABS valve. Connect the air supply line to Port 1 of the ABS valve.
3. Connect the wiring connector to the ABS valve. Hand tighten only.
4. Remove the blocks and stands.
5. Test the installation. (Refer to below.)

Checking the Installation

To test the modulator valve:

1. Apply the brakes. Listen for leaks at the modulator valve.
2. Turn the ignition on and listen to the modulator valve cycle. If the valve fails to cycle, check the electrical cable connection. Make repairs as needed.
3. Drive the vehicle. Verify that the ABS indicator lamp operates properly.

Section 4

Component Replacement

MERITOR WABCO

ATC Valve

Removal

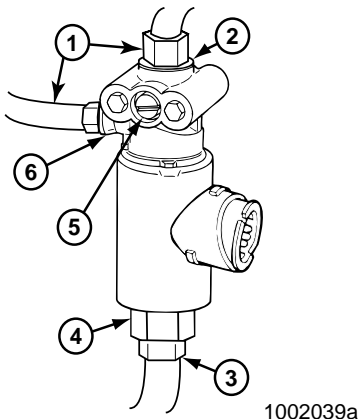
1. Turn ignition switch to the OFF position. Apply parking brake.

WARNING

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

2. Put blocks under the front and rear tires to stop the vehicle from moving.
3. If necessary, raise the vehicle off the ground. Put safety stands under the axle.
4. **Relieve line pressure by bleeding the air from the appropriate supply tank.**
5. Disconnect the wiring from the ATC valve.
6. Disconnect the air lines from Port 1 (air supply), Port 2 (air discharge), and Port 3 (treadle) of the ATC valve. **Figure 4.4.**

Figure 4.4



1. Air Lines
2. Port 1 (Air Supply)
3. Air Line
4. Port 3 (Treadle)
5. Valve Control Do Not Open
6. Port 2 (Air Discharge)

7. Remove the two mounting capscrews and nuts. Remove the ATC valve.

Installation

1. Install the ATC valve with two mounting capscrews and nuts.
Tighten the capscrews per the manufacturer's recommendation.
2. Connect the air supply, discharge, and treadle lines to Ports 1, 2, and 3 of the ATC valve.
3. Connect the harness connector to the ATC valve. Hand tighten only.
4. Remove blocks and stands.
5. Test the installation. (Refer to below.)

Checking the Installation

To test the ATC valve:

1. Start vehicle.
2. Fully charge reservoirs with air. Shut off vehicle.
3. Apply brakes.
4. Listen for air leaks at ATC valve.
5. Release brakes.
6. Activate ATC valve using the MPSI tool.
7. Disconnect MPSI tool.
8. Drive the vehicle. Verify that the ATC indicator lamp operates properly.

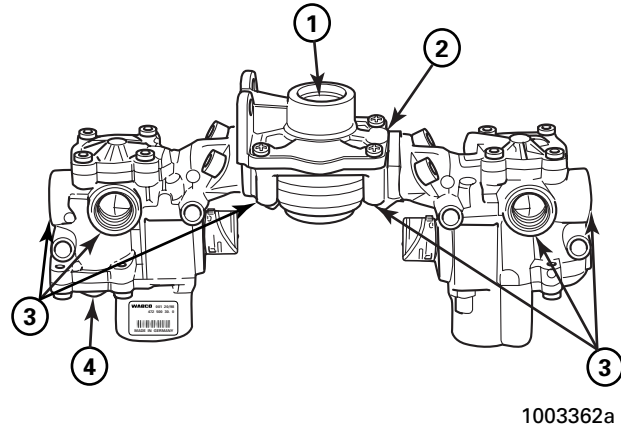
Front or Rear ABS Valve Package

Removal and Replacement — Complete Package

Figure 4.5: Front ABS Valve Package

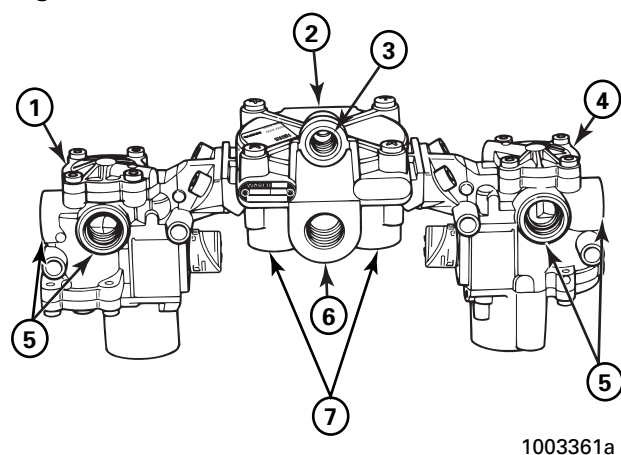
Figure 4.6: Rear ABS Valve Package

Figure 4.5



1. Supply Port 1/2" NPT
2. Quick Release Valve
3. 1/2" NPT Delivery Ports
4. Modulator Valve

Figure 4.6



1. ABS Modulator Valve
2. Relay Valve
3. Control Port 1/4" NPT
4. ABS Modulator Valve
5. Delivery Ports 1/2" NPT
6. Supply Port 1/2" NPT
7. Delivery Ports 3/8" NPT



WARNING

Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

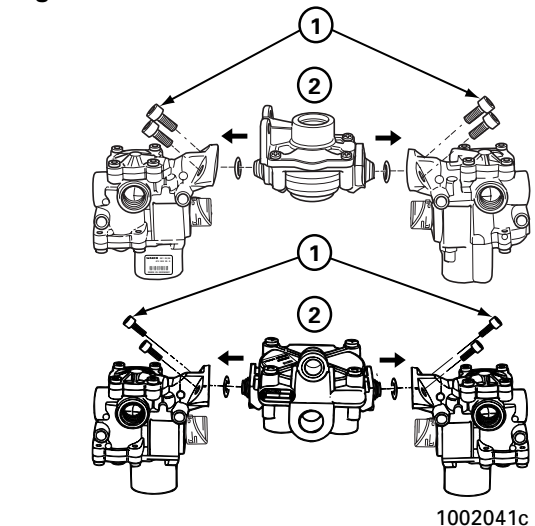
1. Put blocks under tires to stop the vehicle from moving.
2. If necessary, raise the tires off the ground.
3. Drain air from all system air tanks.
4. Remove all air lines and connections from ABS valve package.
5. Remove mounting bolts from the valve package — remove the valve package from vehicle.
6. **Replace the ABS valve package:** Tighten bolts to OE recommendation. Remove blocks and safety stands as necessary.
7. Test the installation. (Refer to page 37.)

Removal and Replacement — Component Valves

(Refer to Figure 4.7)

1. Remove ABS valve package from vehicle.
2. Use a **6 mm** Allen wrench to loosen and remove the Allen head bolts.

Figure 4.7




1. Allen Head Bolts
2. 13-15 lb-ft (18-20 N·m)

Section 4

Component Replacement

MERITOR WABCO

- Carefully separate ABS modulator valve(s) from the relay or quick release valve.
- Remove and discard old O-rings. Lubricate replacement O-rings with grease provided.
- Plug any unused ports on the replacement valve(s).
- Attach ABS modulator valve(s) to the relay valve. Torque the Allen head bolts to 13-15 lb-ft (18-20 N•m). 
- Replace the ABS valve package:** Tighten bolts to OE recommendation. Remove blocks and safety stands as necessary.
- Check the valves for leaks:
 - Modulator valve(s) (Refer to page 37.)
 - Relay or quick release valve (Refer to page 42.)

ATC Valve on the Rear ABS Valve Package

Removal

NOTE: If there is enough room to work, it is not necessary to remove the valve package from the vehicle before replacing the ATC valve. If the valve package must be removed, follow the instructions for removing and replacing the ABS Valve Package that appear in this section of the manual.

When installing the new ATC valve on the valve package, you must use the new O-rings, seals, mounting bolts, and lubricant included with the replacement kit.

- Turn ignition switch to the OFF position, apply parking brake.



WARNING

Park the vehicle on a level surface. Block the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. Support the vehicle with safety stands. Do not work under a vehicle supported only by jacks. Jacks can slip and fall over. Serious personal injury can result.

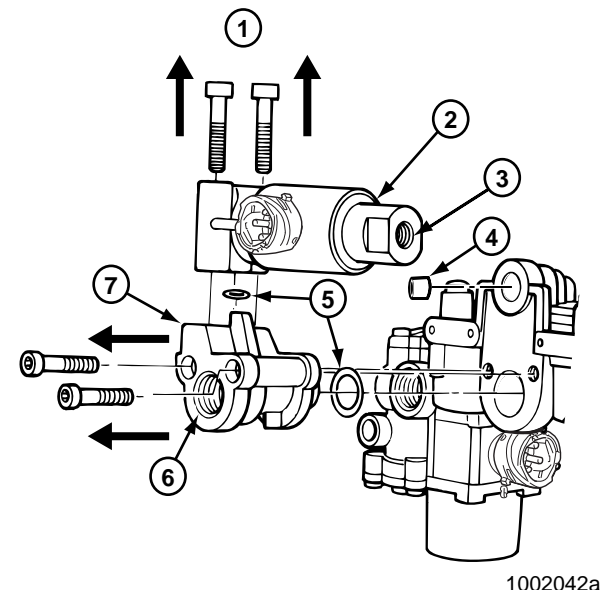
- Put blocks under the front and rear tires to stop the vehicle from moving.
- If necessary, raise the vehicle off the ground. Put safety stands under the axle.

- Relieve line pressure by bleeding the air from the appropriate supply tank.
- Disconnect the wiring from the ATC valve.
- Disconnect supply air line from the adapter and the treadle air line from the ATC valve.
- Use a 5 mm Allen wrench to remove the two screws that hold the adapter piece to the relay valve portion of the valve package.

Use a 6 mm Allen wrench to remove the two mounting bolts that hold the ATC valve to the adapter piece. Remove the ATC valve from the adapter piece. Remove the ATC valve.

Remove the adapter piece, seal, and O-rings from the valve package. **Figure 4.8.**

Figure 4.8



- Mounting Bolts
- ATC Valve
- Treadle Air Line
- Seal
- O-rings
- Supply Air Line
- Adapter

Installation

1. Clean and lubricate the small adapter piece O-ring. Install O-ring on adapter piece.


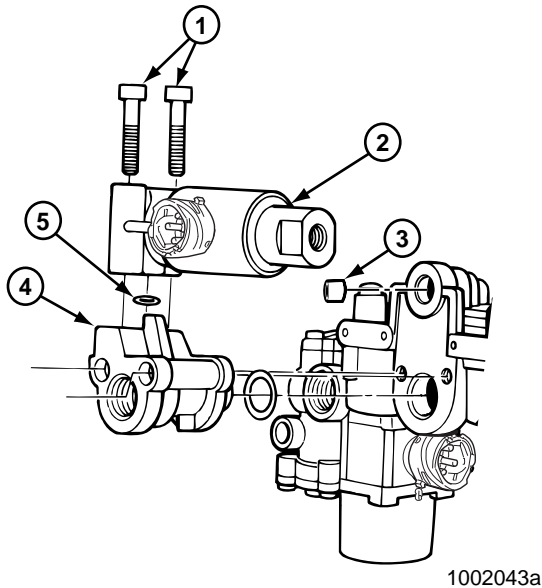
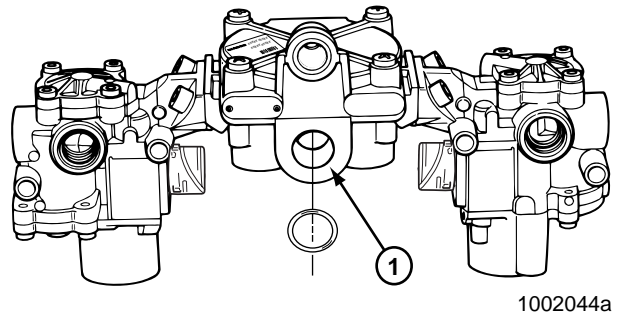
Use the two new M8 Allen head bolts to attach the ATC valve to the adapter piece. Use a 6 mm Allen head tool to tighten to 12-13 lb-ft (18-20 N•m). **Figure 4.9.** 

Figure 4.9

1. Mounting Bolts 12-13 lb-ft (18-20 N•m)
2. ATC Valve
3. Seal
4. Adapter
5. O-ring

2. Lubricate the replacement seal and install it in Port 2 of the ATC valve.

Lubricate the large replacement O-ring and install it in the groove of the relay valve supply port. **Figure 4.10.**

Figure 4.10

1. Relay Valve Supply Port

NOTE: Use Meritor WABCO-recommended lubricant.

3. Use the two M6 Allen head bolts to attach the adapter to the relay valve. Use a 5 mm Allen head tool to tighten to 4-5 lb-ft (6-8 N•m).


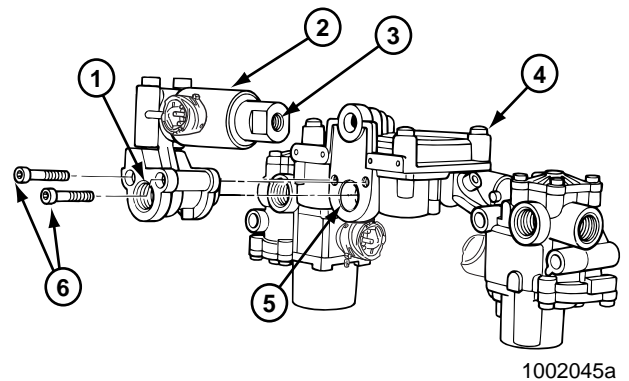
Figure 4.11. 

Figure 4.11

1. Supply Port
2. ATC Valve and Adapter
3. Control Port
4. ABS Valve Package
5. O-ring (Installed)
6. Mounting Bolts 4-5 lb-ft (6-8 N•m)

Section 4

Component Replacement

MERITOR WABCO

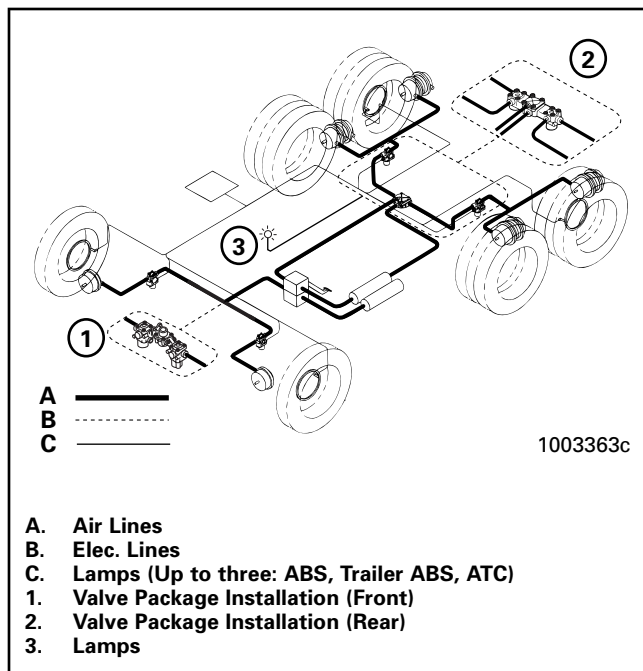
4. Connect the supply air line to the supply port on the adapter. Connect the treadle air line to the control port on the ATC valve.
5. Attach the wiring connector to the ATC valve. Hand tighten only.
6. Remove blocks and stands.
7. Test the installation. (See below.)

Checking the Installation

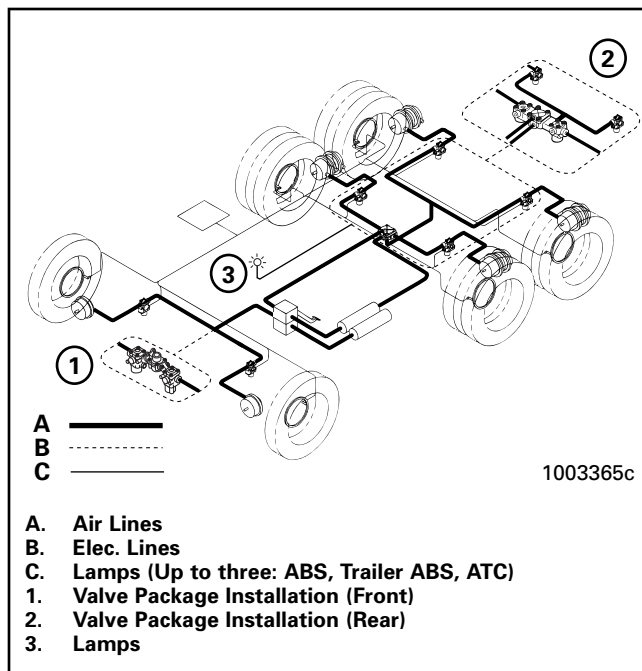
To test the valves:

1. Start vehicle.
2. Fully charge reservoirs with air. Shut off vehicle.
3. Apply brakes.
4. Listen for air leaks at all valves.
5. Drive the vehicle. Verify that the ABS indicator lamp operates properly.

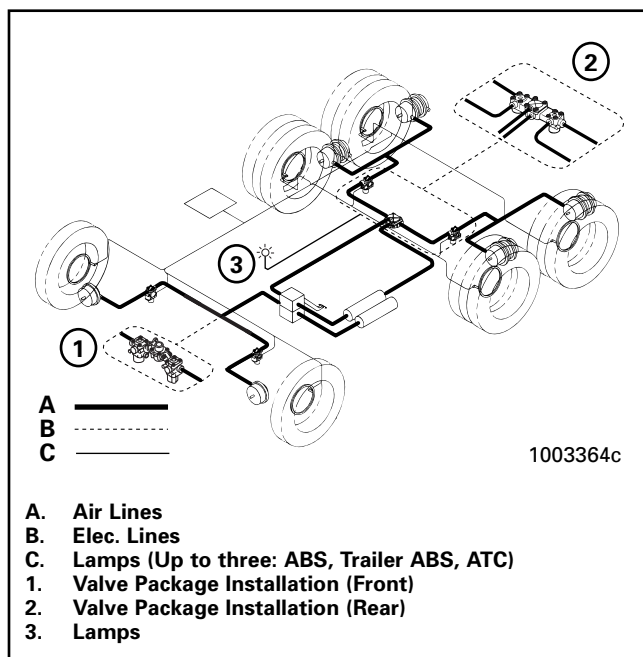
E Version Standard or Basic 4S/4M ABS



E Version 6S/6M ABS



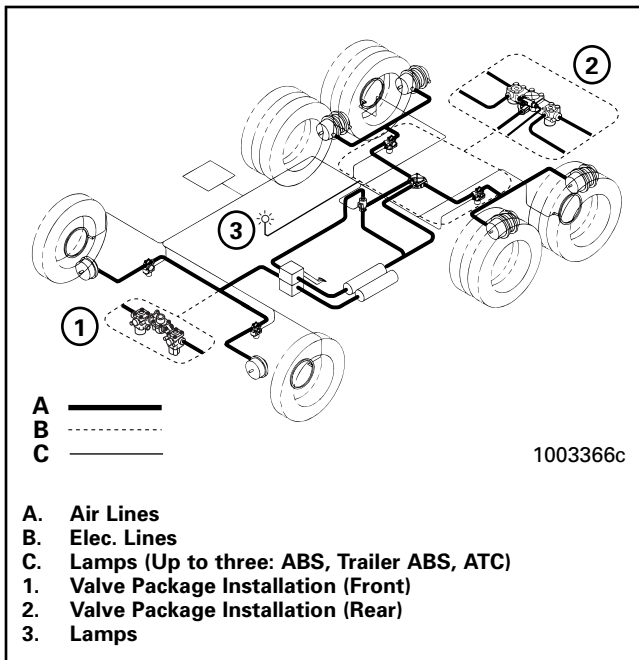
E Version 6S/4M ABS



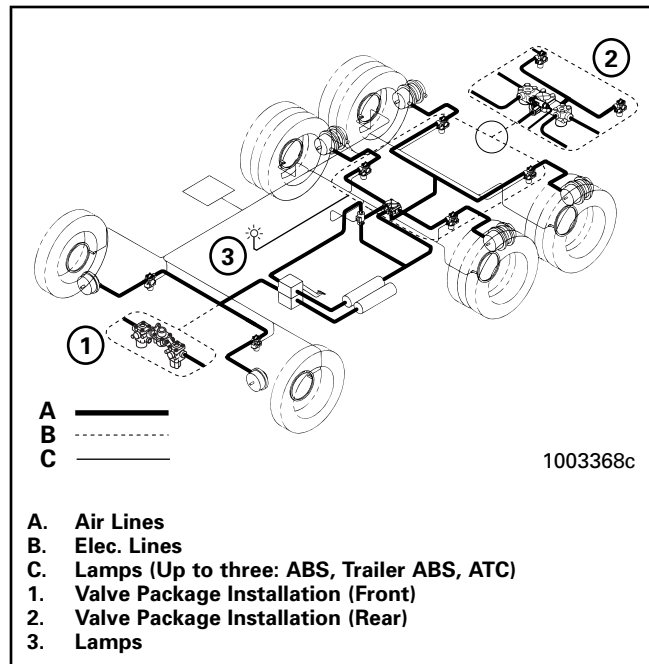
Appendix I System Configuration Layouts

MERITOR WABCO

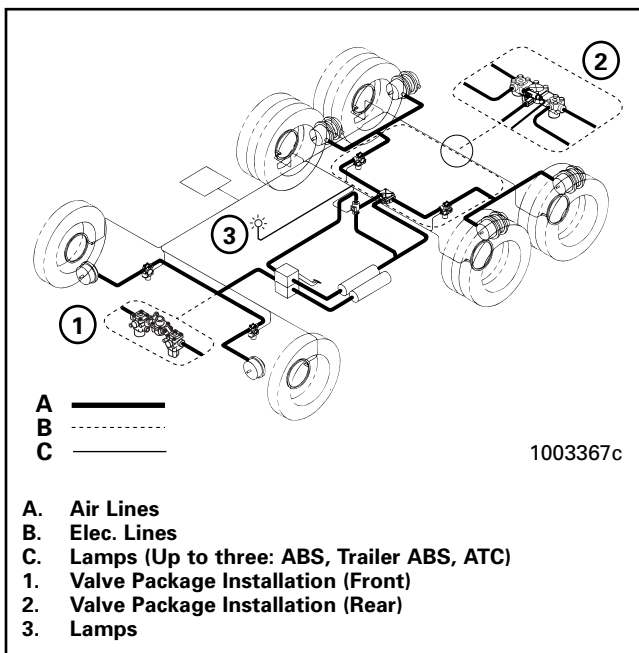
E Version 4S/4M ABS/ATC



E Version 6S/6M ABS/ATC

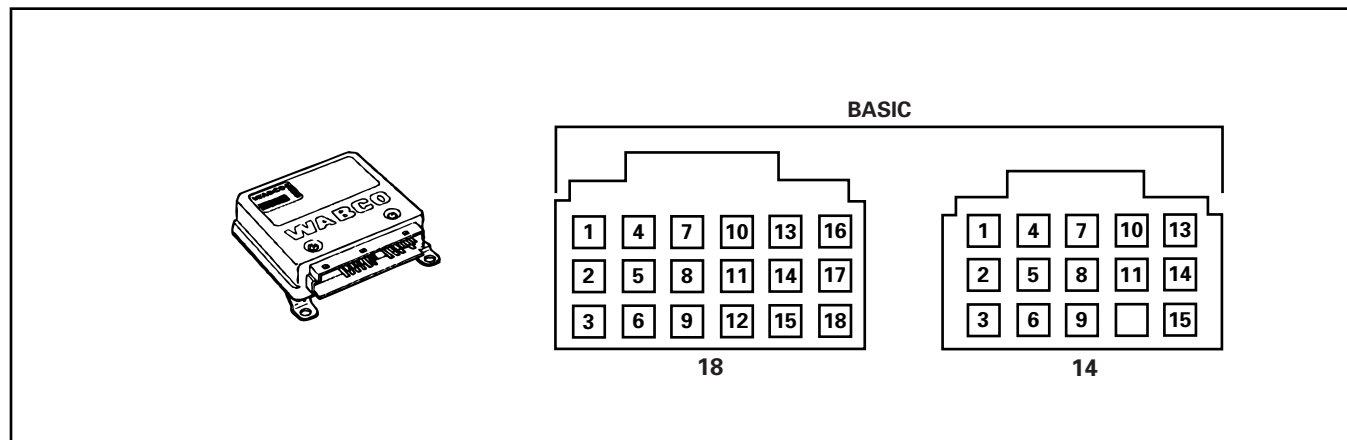


E Version 6S/4M ABS/ATC

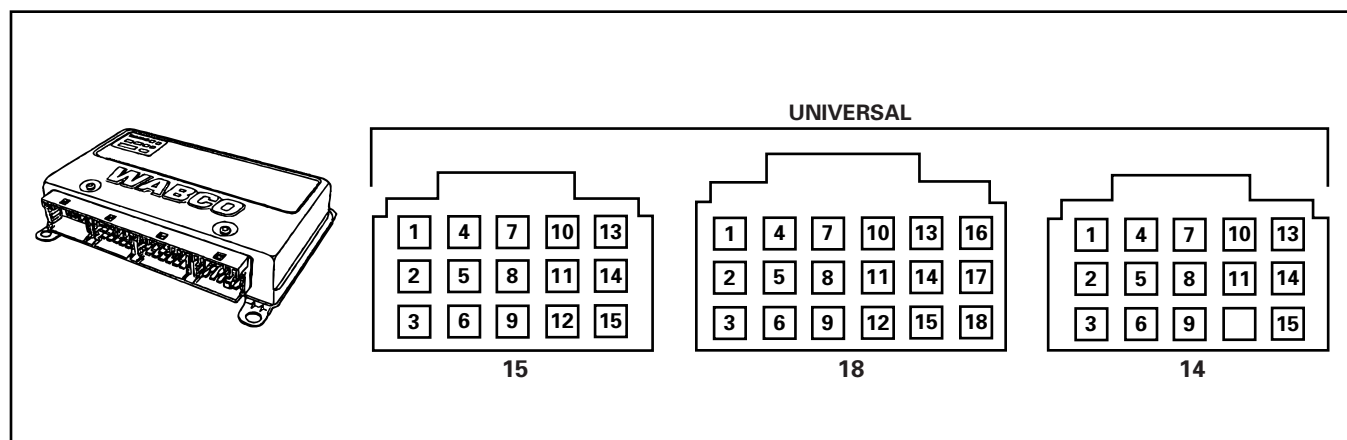


ECU Connector Pin Assignments

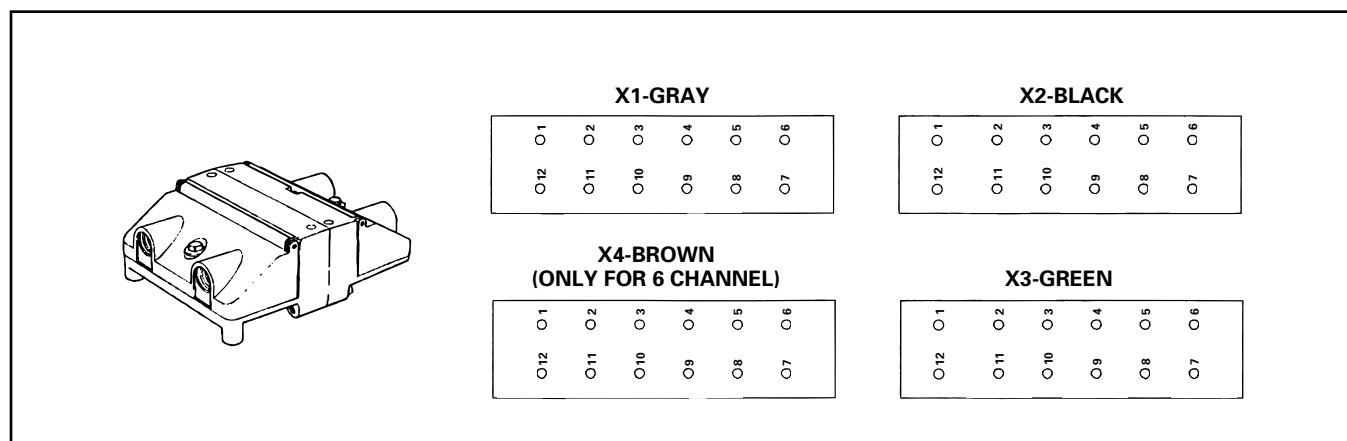
- **Basic ECU (Cab-mounted)**



- **Universal ECU (Cab-mounted)**



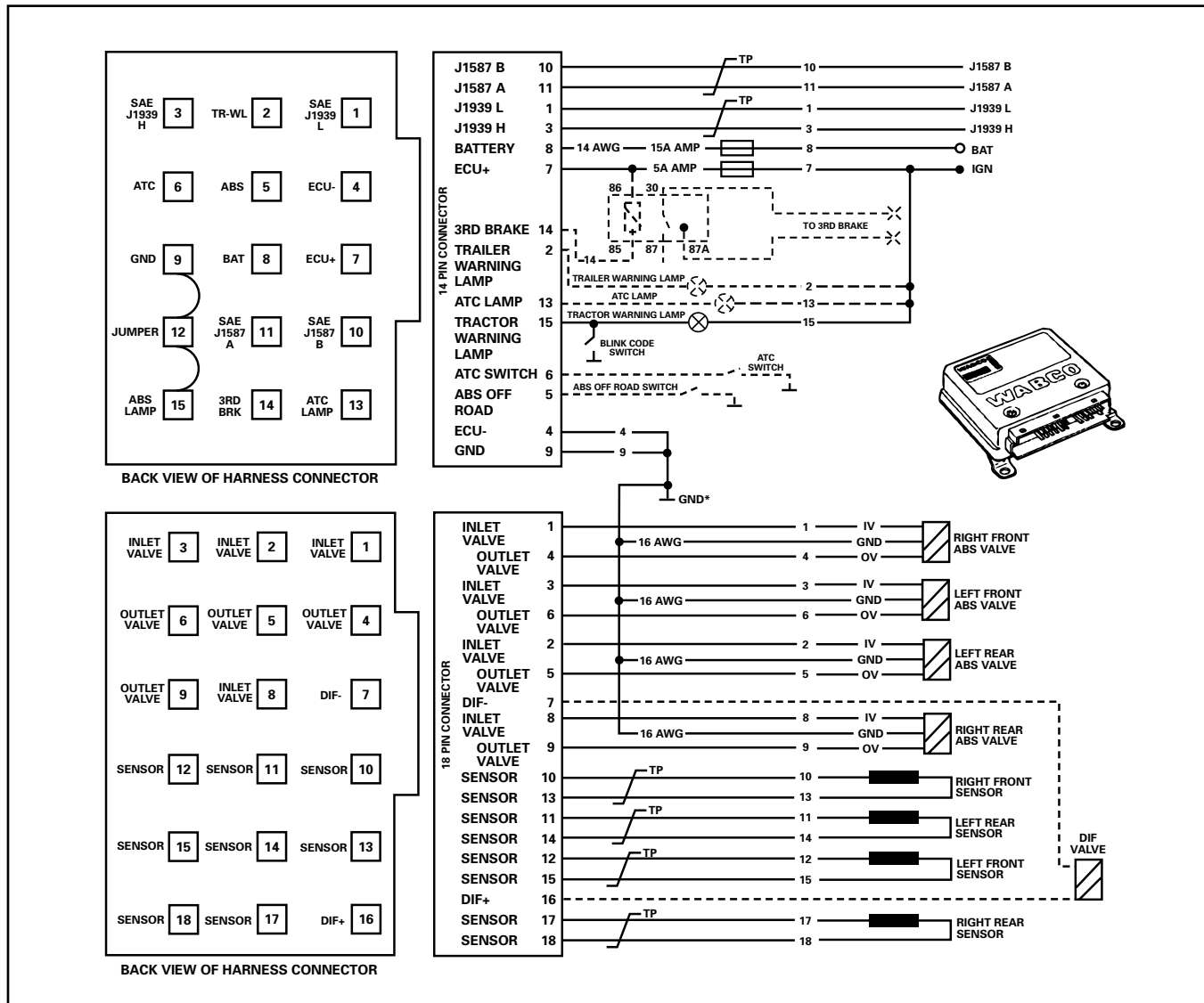
- **Frame-mounted ECU**



Appendix II Wiring Diagrams

MERITOR WABCO

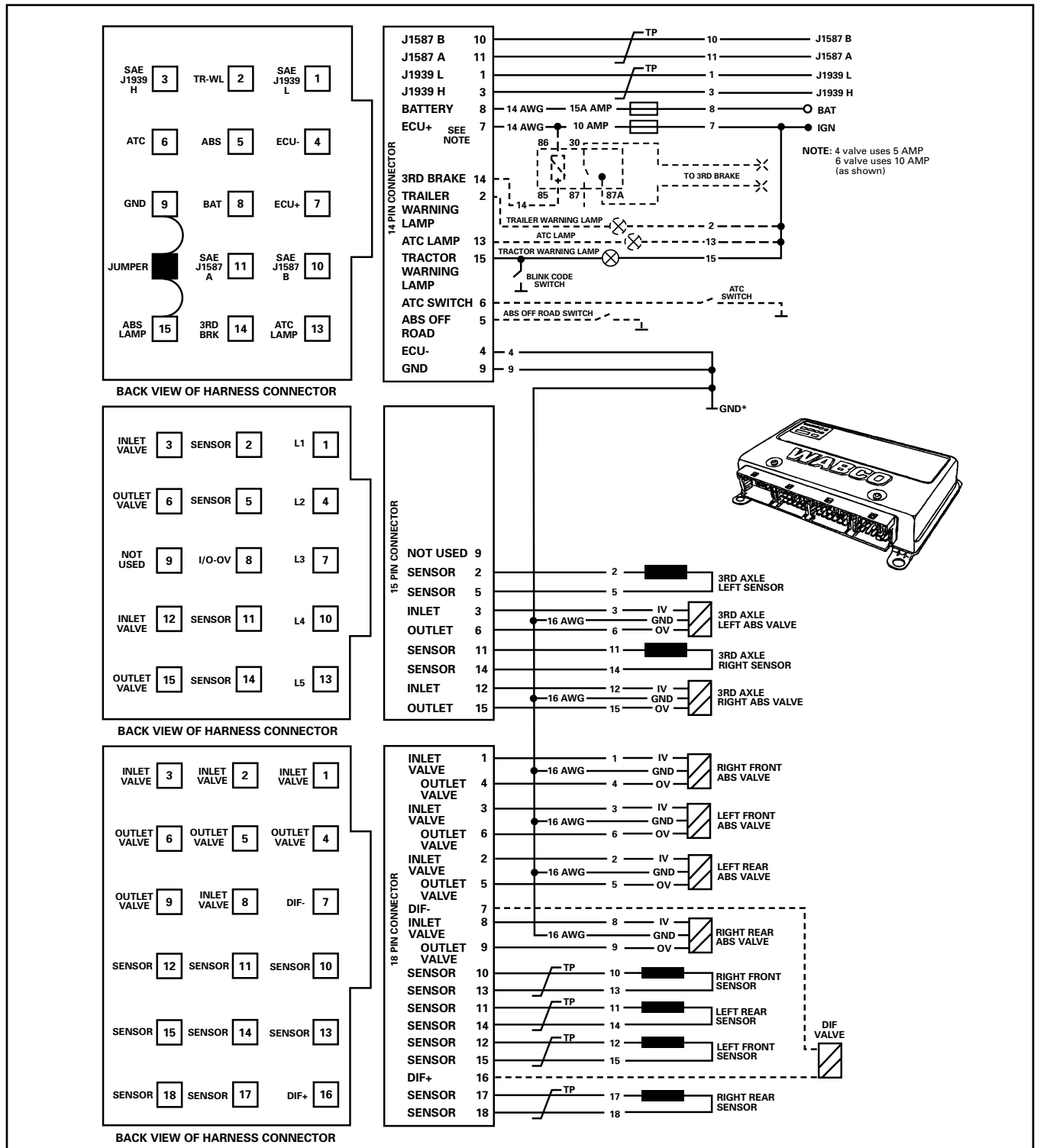
• Basic ECU (Cab-mounted)



1. Momentary Switch
2. Optional Equipment
3. Twisted Pair = TP
4. All unmarked wires should be 16 or 18 AWG.
5. All fuses should be blade type.

*All connected to a common star ground.

• Universal ECU (Cab-mounted)



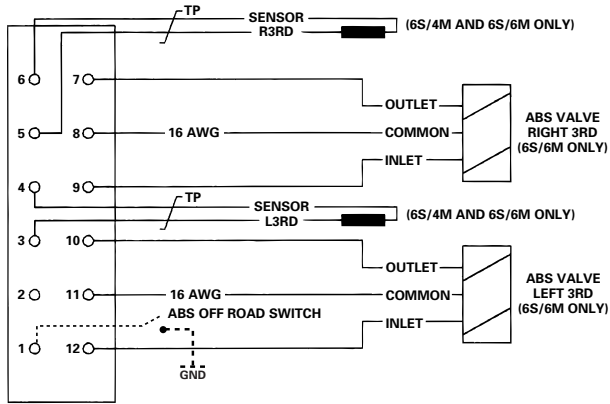
1. Momentary Switch
2. ----- Optional Equipment
3. Twisted Pair = TP
4. All unmarked wires should be 16 or 18 AWG.
5. All fuses should be blade type.

*All connected to a common star ground.

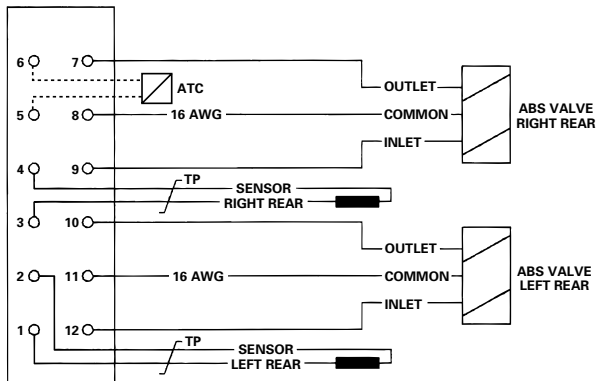
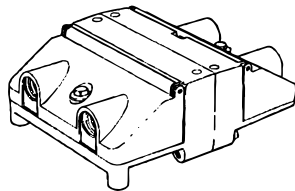
Appendix II Wiring Diagrams

MERITOR WABCO

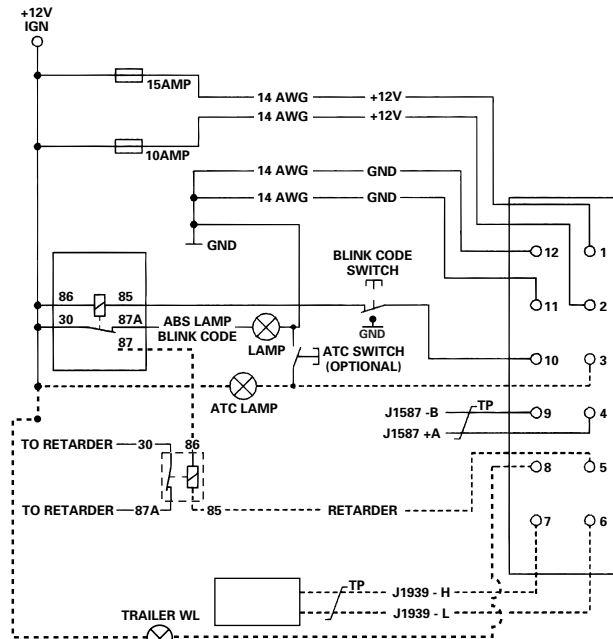
• Frame-mounted ECU



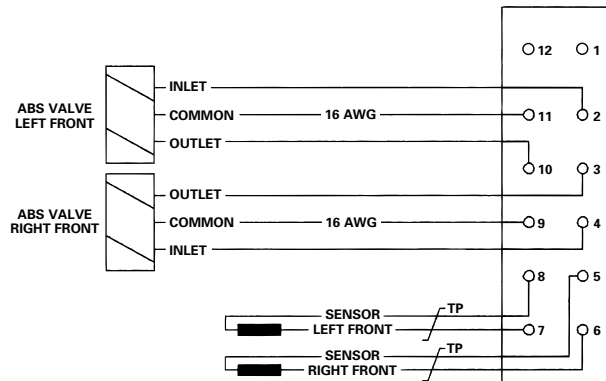
**X4-BROWN
(FOR 6 CHANNEL ONLY)**



X3-GREEN



X1-GRAY

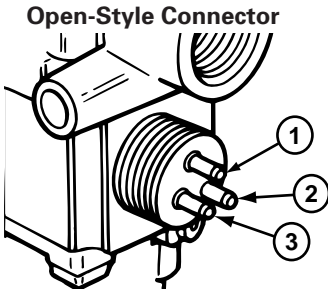
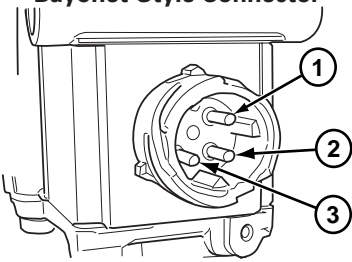


X2-BLACK

1. ----- Optional Equipment
2. TP = Twisted Pair
3. All unmarked wires should be 16 or 18 AWG.
4. All fuses should be blade type.

Troubleshooting Guide — Meritor WABCO ABS Valve Package

This Troubleshooting Guide is a reference tool to help identify possible malfunctions of the ABS modulator or relay valves. It does not take the place of diagnostic tests or other service instructions.

ABS Valve Package Troubleshooting Guide		
Condition	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
Air constantly leaks from exhaust port of relay valve.	Internal relay valve problem.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace the relay valve.
Air leaks from exhaust port of ABS modulator valve or relay valve when parking brake is released.	Parking brake problem. OR Anti-compound 2-way check valve problem.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Service appropriate component. — Refer to manufacturer's service manual for instructions.
Rear service brakes releasing slowly (brakes dragging).	Kinked air line. Dirt buildup inside relay valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inspect/repair lines, brakes. <p>If condition is not corrected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace relay valve.
Valves don't cycle at power-up. OR Indicator lamp comes on (blink code or diagnostic tool indicates electrical problem with ABS valve).	Broken wire. OR Loose or broken terminal connection. Corroded connector pins. OR Problem with solenoid.  Open-Style Connector 1. Ground Terminal 2. Exhaust Solenoid (blue wire) 3. Inlet Solenoid (brown wire)  Bayonet-Style Connector 1. Exhaust Solenoid (blue wire) 2. Inlet Solenoid (brown wire) 3. Ground Terminal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check wires and connections. — Make repairs as needed. <p>If condition is not corrected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Measure resistance across each valve solenoid coil terminal and ground on the ABS modulator valve to ensure 4.0 to 8.0 ohms.<ul style="list-style-type: none">— If greater than 8.0 ohms, clean valve and repeat measurement.— If cleaning does not solve problem, replace the ABS modulator valve.— If less than 4.0 ohms, replace ABS modulator valve.
ABS valve package damaged.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Road Hazards. OR <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Vehicle Damage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Replace complete ABS valve package or individual component as required.

Reconfiguration Procedure

How to Reconfigure an ECU (E Version)

Before reconfiguring the ECU, contact ArvinMeritor's Customer Service Center at 800-535-5560 for additional information.

E version ECUs memorize the following components if they are connected at power-up:

- ATC valve
- Retarder relay
- Datalink SAE J1939

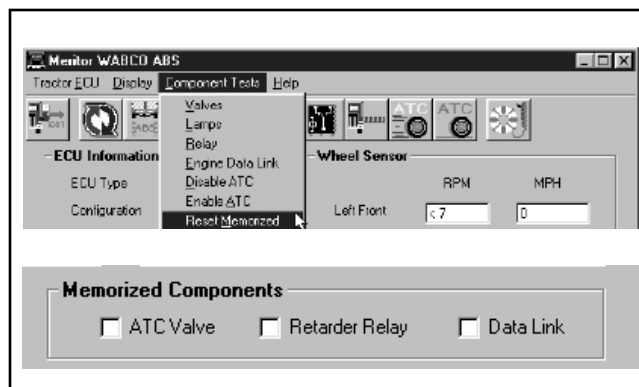
Once these components have been memorized, the ECU will look for them at each power-up. If a memorized component is not present, the ECU will record a fault. For example, if an ATC valve is memorized, but is not present at the next power-up, the ECU records a fault. This can occur if an ECU is moved from one truck to another and one or more of the memorized components are not available on the new truck. If this occurs, use TOOLBOX Software to reconfigure the ECU. If you do not have TOOLBOX Software, follow the Manual Reconfiguration instructions listed on page 51.

TOOLBOX Software

NOTE: For complete instructions for using TOOLBOX Software, refer to the *TOOLBOX User's Manual*, TP-99102.

To reconfigure the ECU with TOOLBOX Software, use the **Reset Memorized** command.

Select **Reset Memorized** from the pull down menu to tell the ECU to reset the memorized or "learned" components.

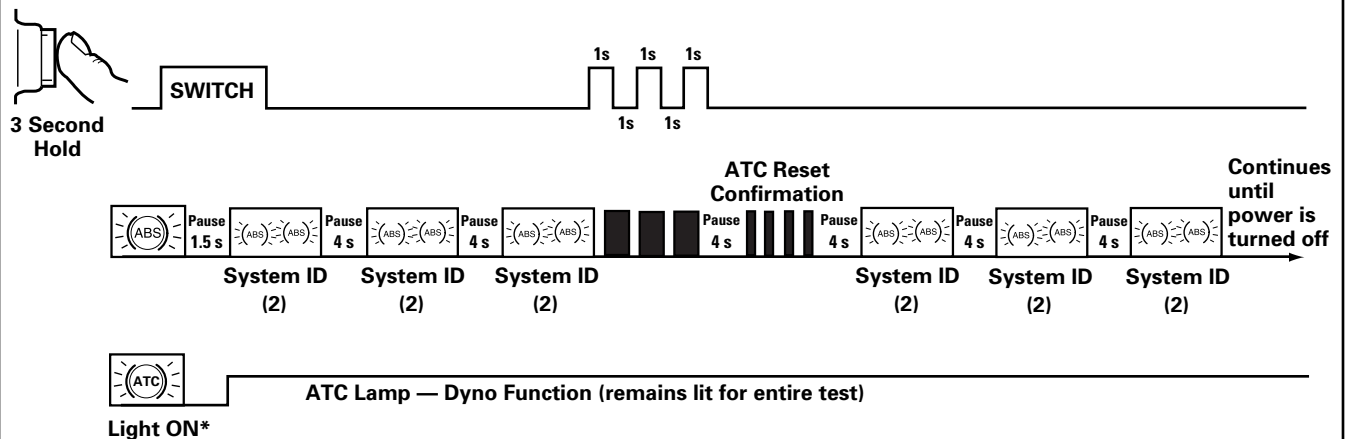


Manual Reconfiguration

Action	Result	Reason
1. Turn ignition ON. 2. Press and hold blink switch for at least three seconds. NOTE: Do not hold this switch longer than seven seconds.	ABS lamp displays the ABS system configuration code*: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One blink: 6S/6M • Two blinks: 4S/4M • Four blinks: 6S/4M * The ABS lamp may display eight quick flashes before the system configuration code begins.	Stored faults cleared, no active faults present. Continue with reconfiguration. NOTE: The reconfiguration procedure can not be conducted if there are active faults present. These must be repaired before proceeding with the reconfiguration.
Observe the ABS and ATC lamps.	ATC lamp comes on and stays on.	A complete ATC system — including an ATC lamp — is installed. If not, the ATC lamp will not come on.
	ABS lamp will continuously blink the system configuration code.	ECU reconfiguring the system. The ECU checks the following components and reprograms itself based on the new system: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ATC valve AND/OR • Retarder relay AND/OR • Datalink J1939
While the configuration code is flashing, press the blink code switch three times (one second each, with a one second pause between each). Turn ignition OFF.	ABS lamp displays four quick flashes , followed by a continuous display of the system configuration code. NOTE: System configuration code continues until ignition is turned OFF.	Successfully reconfigured.

A system reconfiguration is illustrated below:

IGNITION ON



***ATC Lamp will light only if ATC is connected.**

1003371a

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